Cal-520TM No Wash Calcium Assay Kit *Optimized for difficult cell lines*

Ordering InformationStorage ConditionsInstrument PlatformProduct Number: 36338(10 plates)Freeze and avoid lightFLIPR, FDSS, NOVOStar,FlexStation,
ViewLux, IN Cell Analyzer, ArrayScan

Introduction

Cal-520TM No Wash Calcium Assay Kits provide homogeneous fluorescence-based assays for detecting intracellular calcium mobilization. Cal-520TM AM is a new colorless fluorescent calcium-sensitive dye with a significantly improved signal to noise ratio and intracellular retention. Cells expressing a GPCR or calcium channel of interest that signals through calcium are pre-loaded with Cal-520TM AM which can cross cell membrane. Once inside the cell, the lipophilic blocking groups of Cal-520TM AM are cleaved by esterases, resulting in a negatively charged fluorescent dye that stays inside cells. Its fluorescence is greatly enhanced upon binding to calcium. When cells stimulated with agonists, the receptor signals the release of intracellular calcium, which significantly increase the fluorescence of Cal-520TM. The characteristics of its long wavelength, high sensitivity, and >100 times fluorescence enhancement, make Cal-520TM AM an ideal indicator for the measurement of cellular calcium. The high S/B ratio and better intracellular retention make the Cal-520TM calcium assay a robust tool for evaluating GPCR and calcium channel targets as well as for screening their agonists and antagonists. Cal-520TM No Wash Calcium Assay Kits provide an optimized assay method for monitoring the GPCRs and calcium channels. The assay can be performed in a convenient 96-well or 384-well microtiter-plate format and easily adapted to automation.

Kit Key Features

Increased S/B Ratio: Significantly higher signal/background ratio than any other fluorescent Ca²⁺assays.
 Convenient: No wash and no probenecid needed. Formulated to have minimal hands-on time.
 Versatile Applications: Compatible with many cell lines and targets without ligand or target interference.

Kit Components

Components	#36338 (10 plates)	#36339 (100 plates)
Component A: Cal-520 TM , AM	1 vial, lyophilized	10 vials, lyophilized
Component B: 10X Pluronic F127 Plus	10 bottles (1 mL/bottle)	10 bottles (10 mL/bottle)
Component C: HHBS (Hanks' buffer with 20 mM Hepes)	1 bottle (100 mL)	Not included

Assay Protocol for One Plate

Brief Summary

Prepare cells in growth medium \rightarrow Add Cal-520TM dye-loading solution (100 μ L/well for 96-well plate or 25 μ L/well for 384-well plate) \rightarrow Incubate at 37°C for 1-2hours \rightarrow Read Fluorescence at Ex/Em= 490/525 nm

Caution: No addition of probenecid is needed.

1. Prepare Cells:

- 1.1 For adherent cells, plate cells overnight in growth medium at 40,000 to 80,000 cells/well/ $100\mu L$ for 96-well or 10,000 to 20,000 cells/well/ $25\mu L$ for 384-well plates.
- 1.2 For non-adherent cells, centrifuge the cells from the culture medium and then suspend the cell pellets in equal amount of HHBS and Cal-520TM dye-loading solution (see steps 2.4 below) at 125,000 to 250,000 cells/well/100μL for 96-well or 30,000 to 60,000 cells/well/25μL for 384-well poly-D lysine plates. Centrifuge the plates at 800 rpm for 2 minutes with break off prior to the experiments

Note: Each cell line should be evaluated on an individual basis to determine the optimal cell density for the intracellular calcium mobilization.

2. Prepare Cal-520TM dye-loading solution (for 1 plate):

- 2.1 Thaw 1 vial of Component A (Cal-520TM, AM), 1 bottle of Component B (10X Pluronic F127 Plus) and Component C (HHBS) at room temperature before use.
- 2.2 Make Cal-520TM stock solution by adding 200 µL DMSO into Component A (Cal-520TM, AM) and mixing them well.



Note: Cal-520TM, AM is colorless. 20 μ L of reconstituted Cal-520TM, AM is enough for 1 plate, unused Cal-520TM, AM can be aliquoted and stored at \leq -20°C for one month if the tubes are sealed tightly, avoided light and repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

2.3 Make 1X assay buffer

- a). For **Cat# 36338** (**10 plates kit**), make 1X assay buffer by adding **9 mL of** Component C (HHBS) into Component B (10X Pluronic F127 Plus, 1 mL), mix them well.
- b).For Cat# 36339(100 plates kit), make 1X assay buffer by adding whole bottle of Component B (10 X Pluronic F127 Plus, 10 mL) into 90 mL HHBS buffer (not included in the kit), mix them well.
- Note: 10 ml 1X assay buffer is enough for 1 plate, aliquot and store unused 1X assay buffer at \leq -20°C, avoid light and repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 2.4 Make Cal-520TM dye-loading solution for one cell plate by adding 20 μL of DMSO reconstituted Cal-520TM (from Step 2.2) into 10 mL of 1X assay buffer (from Step 2.3), mixing them well. This working solution is stable for at least 2 hours at room temperature.

3. Run Calcium Assay

- 3.1 Add 100 µL/well (96-well plate) or 25 µL/well (384-well plate) Cal-520TM dye-loading solution into the cell plate.

 Note: If your compounds interfere with the serum, then it is important to replace the growth medium with HHBS buffer (100 µL/well for 96-well plate or 25 µL/well for 384-well plate before dye-loading). (We offer 2 separate medium removal calcium assay kits (#36336 and 36337) for the researchers who prefer the medium removal step).
- 3.2 Incubate the dye-loading plate at cell incubator for 60 to 90 minutes, and then incubate the plate at room temperature for another 30 minutes.
 - Note 1: Incubate the dye longer than 2 hours gives better signal intensity for some cell lines.
 - Note 2: If the assay requires 37°C, perform the experiment immediately without further room temperature incubation.
- 3.3 Prepare the compound plates by using HHBS or your desired buffer.
- 3.4 Run the calcium flux assay by monitoring the fluorescence at Ex/Em = 490/525 nm.

 Note: It is important to run the signal test before your experiment. Different instruments have their own intensity range.

 Adjust the signal test intensity to the level of 5% to 10% of the maximum instrument intensity counts. For example, the maximum fluorescence intensity count for FLIPR-384 is 65,000, so the instrument settings should be adjusted to have its signal test intensity around 5,000 to 7,000.

Data Analysis

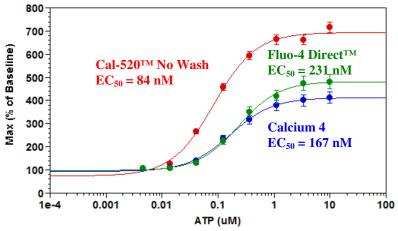


Figure 1. ATP dose response comparison in CHO-K1 cells measured with Cal-520TM No Wash, FLIPR Calcium 4 or Fluo-4 DirectTM Calcium Assay Kit. CHO-K1cells were seeded overnight in 60,000 cells per 100 μL per well in a 96-well black wall/clear bottom costar plate. The cells were incubated with 100 μL of the Cal-520TM No Wash Calcium Assay Kit, FLIPR Calcium 4 Kit or Fluo-4 DirectTM Calcium Assay Kit (According to the Manufacturer's instructions) for 1.5 hours at 37°C. ATP (50μL/well) was added by FlexStation (Molecular Devices) to achieve the final indicated concentrations.

Warning: This kit is only sold for the end users. It is covered by a pending patent. Neither resale nor transfer to a third party is allowed without written permission from AATBioquest®. Chemical analysis of kit components is strictly prohibited. Please call 408-733-1055 or e-mail us at info@aatbio.com if you have any questions.