

Introduction

Example of publication with Interchim SPE product

Upti-CleanTM CN

Chadi Abbara and all, Laboratoire de Pharmacologie, Service de Pharmacole & Service d'addictologie Hôpital Paul BROUSSE 94800 Villejuif, France; Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis 41 (2006) 1011–1016; Development and validation of a method for the quantitation of 9tetrahydrocannabinol in human plasma by high performance liquid chromatography after solid-phase extraction.

Upti-CleanTM SI

F. Boudsocq, P. Benaim, Y. Canitrot, M. Knibiehler, F. Ausseil, J. P. Capp, A. Bieth, C. Long, B. David, I. Shevelev, E. Frierich-Heinecken, U. Hubscher, F. Amalric, G. Massiot, J. S. Hoffmann, and C. Cazaux, Equipe Instabilité' Génétique et Cancer, Institut de Pharmacologie et de Biologie Structurale, Unité' Mixte Recherche Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique 5089 (F.B., P.B., Y.C., J.P.C., A.B., J.S.H., C.C.), Centre de Recherche en Pharmacologie-Santé', Unité' Mixte Recherche Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique/P. Fabre 2587 (M.K.), Centre de Criblage Pharmacologique, Unité' Mixte Recherche Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique/P. Fabre 2646 (F.A.), and Chimie des Substances Naturelles Bioactives, Unité' Mixte Recherche Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique/P. Fabre 2597 (C.L., B.D., G.M.), Institut de Sciences et Technologies du Médicament de Toulouse 3, Toulouse, France; and Institute of Veterinary Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland (E.F.-H., U.H.); MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY Mol Pharmacol 67:1485–1492, 2005, Modulation of Cellular Response to Cisplatin by a Novel Inhibitor of DNA Polymerase B.

AtollTM XC

R.Déporte and all, Department of Pharmacokinetic & Department of Biostatistic, Anticancer Centre René Gauducheau 44805 Nantes, France; Journal of Chromatography B, xxx (2006) xxx–xxx; High-performance liquid chromatographic assay with UV detection for measurement of dihydrouracil / uracil ratio in plasma.

Upti-CleanTM SI/CN

Roberto Alzaga and all, Environmental Chemistry Department, IIQAB-CSIC, Jordi Girona 18–26, E-08034 Barcelona, Spain; Journal of Chromatography A, 1025 (2004) 133–138; Fast solid-phase extraction—gas chromatography—mass spectrometry procedure for oil fingerprinting Application to the Prestige oil spill.

Upti-CleanTM C18U

Sandrine Demanèche and all, Laboratoire de Biochimie et Biophysique des Systèmes Intégrés, Unité Mixte de Recherche CEA-CNRS-Université Joseph Fourier-UMR5092, Laboratoire de Chimie des Protéines, Département de Réponse et Dynamique Cellulaires, CEA-Grenoble, Grenoble, France; Applied and Environmental Microbiology, 2004 November, p. 6714–6725; Identification and Functional Analysis of Two Aromatic-Ring-Hydroxylating Dioxygenases from a Sphingomonas Strain That Degrades Various Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons.

Upti-Clean™ C18U

Serge Krivobok and all, Laboratoire de Biochimie et Biophysique des Systèmes Intégrés and Laboratoire de Chimie des Protéines, Département de Réponse et Dynamique Cellulaires, CNRS UMR 5092, CEA-Grenoble, 38054 Grenoble Cedex 9, France; JOURNAL OF BACTERIOLOGY, July 2003, p. 3828–3841; Identification of Pyrene-Induced Proteins in Mycobacterium sp. Strain 6PY1: Evidence for Two Ring-Hydroxylating Dioxygenases.

AtollTM XC & Upti-CleanTM Florisil

J. Le Faouder, E. Bichon and all, LABERCA, Ecole Nationale Vétérinaire de Nantes, Route de Gachet, Atlanpôle La Chantrerie, BP 50707, 44087 Nantes Cedex 03, France; Science Direct, Talanta 73 (2007) 710-717, Transfer assessment of fipronil residues from feed to cow milk.

AtollTM XWP

A.Salvador and all, Université Claude Bernard UMR 5180 69622 Villeurbanne & CEPHAC Europe 86281Saint-Benoit, France; Chromatographia 2006, 63, 609-615; Simultaneous LC-MS-MS Analysis of Capecitabine and its Metabolites (5¢-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine, 5¢-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine, 5-fluorocytidine, 5-fluoro

AtollTM ATH

Séverine Compain, Dimitri Schlemmer, Mikael Levi and all, CEA, Service de Pharmacologie et d'Immunologie, DSV/DRM, CEA/Saclay, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette Cedex and SPIBIO, Parc d'Activite' du Pas du Lac, 10 bis avenue Ampère, F-78180 Montigny le Bretonneux, France; JOURNAL OF MASS SPECTROMETRY, J. Mass Spectrom. 2005; 40: 9–18; Development and validation of a liquid chromatographic/tandem mass spectrometric assay for the quantitation of nucleoside HIV reverse transcriptase inhibitors in biological matrices.

Introduction

Solid Phase Extraction continues to be the fastest growing technique utilised for sample preparation. The ease of use and flexibility of SPE means that increasingly, this is the chosen pre-step adopted to clean and concentrate samples prior to analysis in HPLC, HPLC/MS, GC or GC/MS.

Advances in the analytical process are placing greater demands and expectations on sample cleaning and therefore increasing the quality required from SPE products. For this reason, polymeric sorbents with high loading capacities and spherical ultrapure silica have become widespread.

Recovery, capacity, selectivity & reproducibility are the principal sample prep. demands of todays analyst. We have developed a state-of-the-art SPE product range incorporating silica and polymer based technology. Upti-prep™(silica) and Atoll™ (polymeric) push the boundaries of expectation from modern day sample preparation challenges.

Interchim's full range of SPE products is highlighted within this chapter. The typical procedure for the SPE process is described below and considerations toward sorbent and working format selection follow.

Typical SPE procedure

Bed volume definition:

The bed volume is defined as the minimum volume of solvent necessary to wet the defined quantity of sorbent within the column. This can vary depending on the nature of the sorbent.

e.g.: ~ 120 µl per 100 mg of silica gel sorbent 60 Å

~ 600 µl per 500 mg of silica gel 60 Å

[Incomplete elution of compound of interest will occur if the sorbent mass is too large for the volume of solvent used. Incomplete retention of compounds of interest will occur if there is an inadequate sorbent mass leading to compound eluting in the fraction or in the washing solvent. Such cases lead to lower recovery rates].

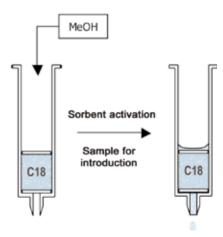
1. Conditioning Step

Sorbent activation and functional group activation are achieved by passing a volume of an appropriate solvent or a mixture of solvent, through the column. Column frits are simultaneously solvated.

Methanol or acetonitrile are commonly used for activating hydrophobic sorbents, whilst hexane or dichloromethane activate hydrophilic sorbents. 2 to 4 bed volumes are typically recommended.

Technical tips

- Check solvent miscibility before using.
- Keep the solvent level beyond the sorbent to maintain its activated status.
- For ion exchange bonded silica, activate with methanol, water and then water buffered to the pH of choice.
- Vacuum & positive pressure manifolds are recommended to achieve more reproducible extractions

















Introduction

2. Sample loading step

Apply sample onto the upper part of the sorbent bed. Matrix contaminants may pass through the column unretained, and additionally, other matrix components may be more or less strongly retained on the sorbent surface. To get a maximum purification efficiency, the sample flow needs to be controlled.

To achieve faster flow of viscous sample through a column, 90 to 140 μm sorbents can be used. The exchange capacity and selectivity are unaffected.

[It is necessary to analyze the unretained fraction to check if all compounds of interest have been retained]

3. Washing step

Passing solvents through columns washes away interfering compounds whilst leaving the analyte undisturbed on the sorbent bed. Different solvents or solvent mixtures may be used to improve the rinsing efficiency.

4. Drying step

Solvent traces are evaporated by circulating air through the column over a 2 to 10 minute time period. This improves the extraction yield.

5. Elution step

An appropriate solvent is passed through the column to disrupt the analyte-sorbent interaction and to elute 100% of compounds of interest.

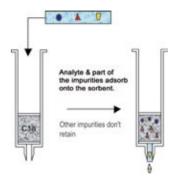
The appropriate solvent must have maximum interaction with the compound of interest and a minimal interaction with the remaining impurities, leaving them undisturbed on the sorbent bed. In addition the volume of the elution solvent needs to be as small as possible to maximise the concentration factor.

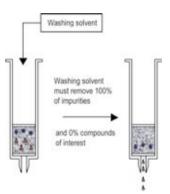
[Sorbent with low particle size (e.g $30,50 \mu m$) gives a lower elution volume than larger sorbent particle size (e.g $90,140 \mu m$)].

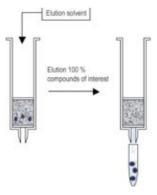
6. Concentration step

Compounds of interest are concentrated by evaporating a part of the solvent. If necessary, dry the eluate with anhydrous sulfate to remove possible water traces. The concentrated sample is then ready for analysis.

Interchim recommends that all steps should be carefully optimized according to your specific extraction. This will improve the quality of the final analysis.









Selecting the appropriate sorbent

Sorbent selection requires consideration of sample volume, the nature of the analyte, analyte concentration and the inherent properties of the sorbent itself. For environmental studies, a volume of several hundred millilitres might be necessary for a good pre-concentration (e.g., organic pollutants) whereas in the pharmaceutical industry, the sample volumes that require cleaning may only be millilitres.

The selected sorbent needs to have an excellent affinity for the compounds of interest and at the same time a weak affinity for irrelevant compounds within the matrix. Choosing the correct sorbent results in a specific selectivity for the compounds of interest. A sufficient loading capacity also needs to be identified to optimise retention volumes of the desired compound.

There are four general modes used in Solid Phase Extraction: reversed phase, normal phase and ion exchange that require different sorbent types namely hydrophobic, hydrophilic, ion-exchange and mixed mode.

Hydrophobic sorbents

In reversed phase, the non polar functional groups of the sorbent operate according to Van der Waals forces. Alkyl and aromatic chains are function groups that have affinity with non-polar and mid-polar compounds.

Free silanol groups left on the sorbent favour polar interactions.

For aromatic compounds, eq. pharma-based chemistries, we recommend to use phenyl selectivity (polystyrene divinylbenzene polymers).

Hydrophilic sorbents

Normal phase provides an efficient cleaning of molecules with polar function groups.

Cyano (CN) functional groups can be used either in normal phase to extract polar compounds or in reversed phase for mid-polar compounds.

Diol functional groups can enhance polar compound extraction compared to virgin silica.

Amino sorbent (NH_a) can be used either as weak anion exchangers (for strong acids), or as a polar sorbent that can interact with OH, NH, SH ...

Ion exchange sorbents

lon-exchange retention is based on ionic interaction. This sorbent creates a strong attraction with opposite functional groups of the sample compounds. Ion exchange sorbent interactions depend essentially on counter-ion pH and ionic strength.

Strong anion exchange phases (SAX) possess a strong quaternary amine. They are used to extract weak acids which have one or more negative charges.

Strong cation exchange phases (SCX) contain sulfonic acid that are used to extract weak basic compounds which have one or more positive charges.

Weak anion exchange phases (DEAE, NH2) possess a diethyl amino ethyl and amino group. They are used to extract strong acids which have one or more negative charges. Weak cation exchange phases (WCX) contain carboxylic acid that are used to extract strong basic compounds which have one or more positive charges.

Mixed mode sorbents

Mixed mode sorbents exhibit the greatest selectivity. Ion exchange and hydrophobic chains are bonded onto the surface of silica providing unique selectivity. This technique is used for basic compound extraction especially for drugs and metabolites within biologic fluids. Initially compounds that possess acid or basic functionality are retained by ion exchange functionality. A washing step with an appropriate pH, removes ionizable impurities. Passing an organic solvent through the column will then remove retained impurities that result from hydrophobic bonding.





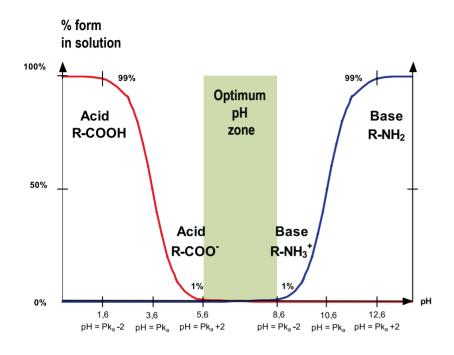








Selecting the appropriate sorbent



Ion-exchange capacity

The capacity of ion-exchange or mixed mode sorbent is measured by the mass of ionizable compounds that interact with a pre-defined sorbent mass.

E.g : For 1g of bonded SCX sorbent with an exchange capacity of 0.6 meg/g, it is possible to retain 0.6 mmol of compound.

Optimal pH

Acids and bases in the sample need to be in their ionized form to develop interactions with the sorbent.

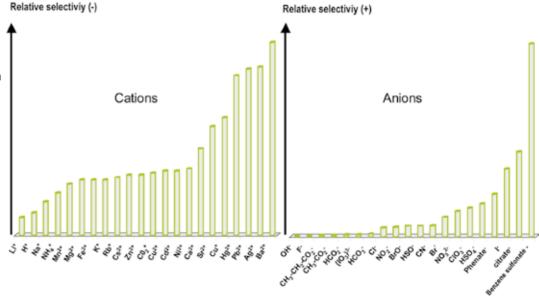
To maintain reproducible and repeatable recovery rates, sample and sorbent need to be buffered at an optimised nH

Eg: for an acid w/pKa 3.6 & a base w/pKa 10.6, the pH zone should be between pH:5.6 and 8.6.

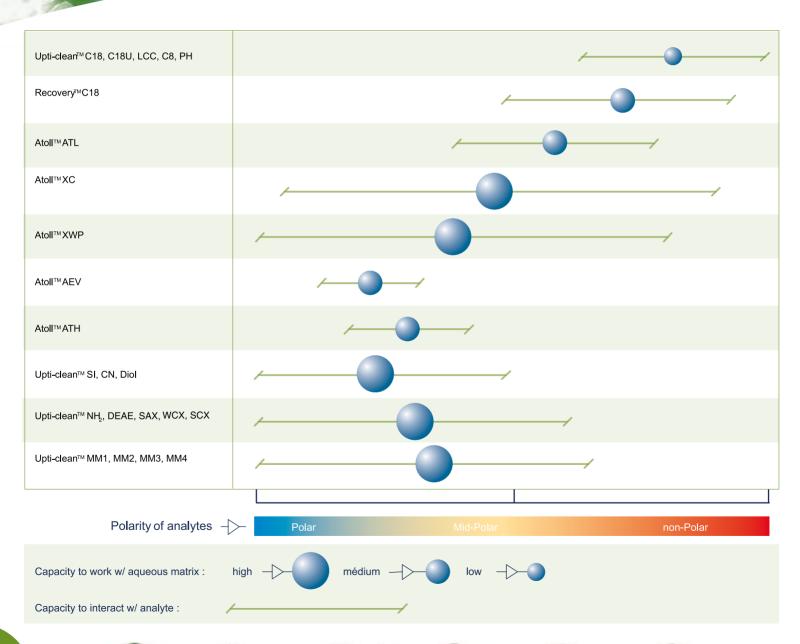
Relative selectivity of the counter-ions

A counter-ion is an ionic entity able to interact with an ion exchange sorbent.

It improves the efficiency of cleaning steps including elution according to its concentration in solution and its affinity with the exchanger sorbent.



Sorbent selection guide

















Sorbent Properties & Characteristics

Sorbent Selection

Silicas & Polymers are the most popular sorbents used for Solid Phase Extraction. Polymer loading capacities are higher than silica sorbents, however, silica sorbents exhibit greater selectivity. Sorbent features are highlighted below and provide the analyst with an initial consideration for appropriate sorbent selection.

Polymers:

Polymer sorbents are very stable from pH 1 to 14, they exhibit high loading capacities allowing for the cleaning of a broad range of compounds through a variety of matrices (waters, oils, plasma, urines...). Interchim polymers have a very high specific surface area that maximises pi-pi interactions. The capacity of our polymers are typically 15% greater than competitive polymers and 25% higher than silicas. These polymers are particularly suited for polar compound cleaning. The polymer surface can be easily modified and facilitates a large selectivity range from hydrophobic to hydrophilic interactions.

Silicas:

Silica & bonded silica are rigid supports that do not shrink or swell with solvents. The silica surface can be easily modified, this creates a potential for a large selectivity for SPE from hydrophobic to hydrophilic interactions. The pH stability of bonded silica is limited, typically to within the range of 2 to 7.5, this is chemistry dependant. Interchim offers more than 30 different silica based selectivities. Our sorbents take advantage of our ultra pure spherical silca (Upti-prep), and this achieves greater reproducibility, and establishes repeatable extraction and optimized sample recoveries.

The Interchim Product range:

Atoll™ (polymer), Upti-Clean™ (silica) and Recovery™ (silica) are Interchim's sorbent technologies for Solid Phase Extraction.

Within any sample cleanup process, the analyst has to consider the characteristics of their sample relative to the features of the SPE products available. Interchim provides, on a custom basis, method development kits which combine sorbent type, quantity of media and suitable housing format.

Please contact Interchim's technical support center for assistance in your selection process.

Sorbent Properties & Characteristics

Description	Sorbent	Interchim type	Comment	Exchange capacity	End-capping	Porosity Å	Specific surface area m²/g	Particle diameter µm	Rank	Purity
Atoli Atoli Atoli Atoli Atoli Atoli Atoli	PSDVB PSDVB PSDVB n.a. n.a. PSHEMA PSHEMA PSDVB	30XC XC XWP ATH 30ATH 30AEV AEV ATL	High capacity High capacity High capacity Hydrophilic Hydrophilic / hydrophobic Hydrophilic / hydrophobic Hydrophobic		No No No No No No No	n.a. n.a. Wide Pore 70 70 70 70	1500 1500 1200 800 800 800 800 800	30 70 90 75 30 30 75 100	Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical	Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure
Recovery Recovery	Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep	REC RSI	C18 SI		n.a. No	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	50 50	Spherical Spherical	Pure Pure
Upti-Clean	Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep	C18-S C18U-S LCC RPAQ C18-S2F C18U-S2F C8-S C8U-S C8-S2F C2 PH-S CH	% C : 18 % C : 16 % C : 16 % C : 10 C18, 100% hydrophilic High flow High flow % C : 11 % C : 9 High flow % C : 6 % C : 9 % C : 10,5		Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes Yes No No	60 60 n.a. 60 60 60 60 60 60	500 500 500 n.a. 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 450	50 50 50 75 140 140 50 50 140 60 50 60	Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical Granular Spherical Granular	Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure Pure
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep	SI-S NH2-S CN-S OH	% C : 5 % C : 8 % C : 7,5		No No Yes No	60 60 60 60	500 500 500 450	50 50 50 60	Granular Spherical Spherical Granular	Pure Pure Pure Pure
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep	SCX WCX DEAE SAX	Strong acid Weak acid Weak base Strong base	0,7 meq/g 0,22 meq/g 0,33 meq/g 0,30 meq/g	No No No No	60 60 60 60	450 450 450 450	60 60 60 60	Granular Granular Granular Granular	Pure Pure Pure Pure
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep Silica Upti-prep	MM1 MM2 MM3 MM4	Mixed mode RP / SCX Mixed mode RP / WCX Mixed mode RP / SAX Mixed mode RP / WAX	0,09 meq/g 0,10 meq/g 0,14 meq/g 0,15 meq/g	No No No No	60 60 60 60	450 450 450 450	60 60 60 60	Granular Granular Granular Granular	Pure Pure Pure pure
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Florisil Florisil	FL FLPR	Standard grade Pesticide Residue grade		No No	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	200 200	Granular Granular	Std. Std.
Upti-Clean	Polyamide	P6	6		No	n.a.	n.a.	100	Granular	Std.
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Amberlite Amberlite Amberlite Amberlite	XAD2 XAD4 XAD7 XAD16	Polystyrene Polystyrene Acrylic Ester Polystyrene		No No No No	90 50 80 100	330 750 450 825	16-50 mesh 16-50 mesh 16-50 mesh 16-50 mesh	Spherical Spherical Spherical Spherical	Std. Std. Std. Std.
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Alumina Alumina Alumina	ALA ALN ALB	Acid Neutral Basic		No No No	n.a. n.a. n.a.	200 200 200	32-63 32-63 32-63	Granular Granular Granular	Std. Std. Std.
Upti-Clean	Silica	BCD	β-Cyclodextrine		No	n.a.	n.a.	40	n.a.	Std.
Upti-Clean Upti-Clean	Carbon Carbon	CG CA	Graphitized Activated		No No	non-porous n.a.	100 n.a.	n.a. 40	Granular Granular	Std.















Sorbent Properties & Characteristics



Sample Prep - Solid Phase Extraction SPE format

Interchim has developed a comprehensive line of SPE products to support efficient and reproducible cleanup for a wide range of sample type and volume.

Our technological advances ensure our SPE range provide a margin of accuracy to within 1%. 96 well plates are delivered with a weighing certificate as a warranty of the real mass of sorbent within each well.

SPE format	Housing	Nature	Volume	Frits
Standard columns		Polypropylene MG	(1 - 3 - 6 - 15 -25 - 75 - 150) ml	(10 - 20 - 70) μm Polyethylene or Teflon
LRC columns		Polypropylene MG	Robotic Large Capacity (LRC) 15ml	20 μm Polyethylene or Teflon
Glass columns		Glass	6 ml	20 μm Teflon
Cartridges		Polypropylene MG	300 - 600 - 900 mg	20 μm Polyethylene
96 well plates		Polypropylene MG	2 ml square well	20 μm Polyethylene
48 well plates		Polypropylene MG	5 ml square well	20 μm Polyethylene















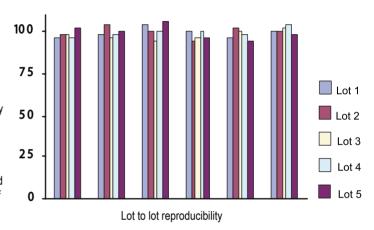
Upti-Clean™ - Silica based

Upti-Clean[™] are Interchim's range of silica based SPE products. They have been developed from a spherical high purity (99.9%) silica called Upti-prep[™]. Upti-prep[™] has strictly controlled porosity and particle size (+/- 10A, +/- 5 µm) working in a pH range of 1 to 7.5

Interchim bonding technology ensures greater batch to batch reproducibility for our bonded silica, there is no longer a requirement for batch reservations. Upti-Clean™ products subsequently achieve superior recovery rates relative to traditional irregular silicas, exhibiting excellent reproducibility & consistency

The Upti-Clean[™] range achieves accuracy of +/- 1% in mass per column thanks to a strictly controlled packing process. Upti-Clean[™] products are thoroughly quality control tested inhouse to guarantee tracability. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing the specific production number and sorbent batch.

Upti-Clean™ are supplied in a variety of formats relative to current extraction apparatus and automated systems. Packaging has been specifically designed to guarantee the integrity of the product.



Upti-Clean™ cartridges

Upti-Clean™ cartridges are easy to use, efficient SPE cleaning devices with widespread applications throughout the pharmaceutical, toxicology and clinical fields

- Luer inlet & outlet fitting
- No specific SPE apparatus necessary
- Polypropylene MG housing
- C18, C8 bonded chemistries for non and mid-polar (aqueous) compounds
- Virgin silica for polar compound purification in non-polar solvents
- Useful for sample storage & transport



Weight	Qty	C18	C8	Silica
300 mg	25 u	C18-300/SC-25	C8-300/SC-25	SI-300/SC-25
300 mg 300 mg	50 u 100 u	C18-300/SC-50 C18-300/SC-100	C8-300/SC-50 C8-300/SC-100	SI-300/SC-50 SI-300/SC-100
600 mg	25 u	C18-600/SC-25	C8-600/SC-25	SI-600/SC-25
600 mg	50 u	C18-600/SC-50	C8-600/SC-50	SI-600/SC-50
600 mg	100 u	C18-600/SC-100	C8-600/SC-100	SI-600/SC-100
900 mg	25 u	C18-900/SC-25	C8-900/SC-25	SI-900/SC-25
900 mg	50 u	C18-900/SC-50	C8-900/SC-50	SI-900/SC-50
900 mg	100 u	C18-900/SC-100	C8-900/SC-100	SI-900/SC-100

Recovery™ - Silica based

Interchim Recovery™ columns address recovery and reproducibility problems, highlighted in recent studies, that are associated with only a part of the standard 60 Å silica's specific surface area being accessible in SPE silica based cleanup procedures.

Recovery[™] columns utilise an optimised version of Upti-prep[™] silica. They prevent physical phenomenons associated with older generation silica sorbent and utilise 100% of their specific surface area. Recovery[™] can be used in all solvent conditions (including 100% water) achieving greater reproducibility and consistency.

- Recovery™ REC: C18, fully end-capped for non-polar, mid-polar & polar compounds in aqueous environment.
- Recovery™ RSI: Virgin silica for polar and mid-polar compounds from organic matrices.

Recovery[™] columns

Weight	Volume	Qty	Recovery C18	Recovery Silica	
Std. columns / PE	frits				
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	REC-50/1	RSI-50/1	
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	REC-100/1	RSI-100/1	
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-100/3	RSI-100/3	
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-200/3	RSI-200/3	
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-500/3	RSI-500/3	
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-500/6	RSI-500/6	V .
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-1G/6	RSI-1G/6	
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	REC-2G/6	RSI-2G/6	
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	REC-2G/15	RSI-2G/15	
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	REC-2G/25	RSI-2G/25	
LRC columns / PE	frits				
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	REC-100LRC	RSI-100LRC	
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	REC-200LRC	RSI-200LRC	
500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	REC-500LRC	RSI-500LRC	-
Std. columns / PT	FE frits				
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	REC-50/1T	RSI-50/1T	
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	REC-100/1T	RSI-100/1T	
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-100/3T	RSI-100/3T	-
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-200/3T	RSI-200/3T	
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	REC-500/3T	RSI-500/3T	V
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-500/6T	RSI-500/6T	
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-1G/6T	RSI-1G/6T	
Glass columns / F					-
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-200/6G	RSI-200/6G	1
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-500/6G	RSI-500/6G	
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	REC-1G/6G	RSI-1G/6G	

Glass tubes and PTFE frits are solvent resistant. These materials guarantee purifications without extractable.















Recovery[™] - Silica based

Recovery[™] 96 well plates

Automated cleanup procedures are now an integral part of the modern laboratory.

Interchim Recovery[™] is available in a 96 well format with a 2 ml volume per well. This high quality unit provides rapid throughput of sample, within an automated process, whilst establishing excellent well-to-well consistency.

Recovery[™] 96 well plates utilise Interchim's state of the art automated weight machine. This packing technology guarantees unprecedented accuracy (+/- 1% mass per column) compared to the commonly utilised competitor volumetric systems. Recovery[™] therefore raises the standards & client expectations for sample recovery /reproducibility.

Recovery[™] 96 well plates are QC tested in-house to guarantee tracability. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing Mfg number, Sorbent batch number & specifications. An additional certificate is supplied that states real sorbent mass in each individual well.

Recovery[™] 96 well plates are packed in a PEHD/Al bag for long term integral storage. This prevents potential damage from UV and moisture.

Recovery[™] 96 well plates are manufactured from polypropylene, conform to a standard footprint (127.76 mm x 85.47 mm x 19.74 mm) and are compatible with existing systems on the market.



Recovery® 96 Well plate - 2 ml

Weight	Qty	Recovery™ C18	Recovery [™] Silica
30 mg	1 u	REC-30/WP20	RSI-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	REC-50/WP20	RSI-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	REC-60/WP20	RSI-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u	REC-100/WP20	RSI-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	REC-150/WP20	RSI-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u	REC-200/WP20	RSI-200/WP20





Upti-Clean™ Series-S - Silica based

Upti-Clean™ Series-S columns are easy to use, efficient SPE cleaning devices with widespread applications throughout the pharmaceutical, toxicology and clinical fields.

- 30 selectivities available
- Polypropylene MG or Glass housing
- Std. PE or PTFE frits
- Luer outlet fitting

Upti-Clean™ Series-S, columns

Hydrophobic bonding

Weight	Volume	Qty	C18-S	C18U-S	LCC	RPAQ	C8-S	C8U-S	C2	PH-S
Std. colum	nne / DF fri	ite								
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	C18-S-50/1	C18U-S-50/1	LCC-50/1	RPAQ-50/1	C8-S-50/1	C8U-S-50/1	C2-50/1	PH-S-50/1
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	C18-S-100/1	C18U-S-100/1	LCC-100/1	RPAQ-100/1	C8-S-100/1	C8U-S-100/1	C2-100/1	PH-S-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S-100/3	C18U-S-100/3	LCC-100/3	RPAQ-100/3	C8-S-100/3	C8U-S-100/3	C2-100/3	PH-S-100/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S-200/3	C18U-S-200/3	LCC-200/3	RPAQ-200/3	C8-S-200/3	C8U-S-200/3	C2-100/3 C2-200/3	PH-S-200/3
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S-500/3	C18U-S-500/3	LCC-500/3	RPAQ-500/3	C8-S-500/3	C8U-S-500/3	C2-500/3	PH-S-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-500/6	C18U-S-500/6	LCC-500/6	RPAQ-500/6	C8-S-500/6	C8U-S-500/6	C2-500/6	PH-S-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-1G/6	C18U-S-1G/6	LCC-1G/6	RPAQ-1G/6	C8-S-1G/6	C8U-S-1G/6	C2-1G/6	PH-S-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	C18-S-2G/6	C18U-S-2G/6	LCC-2G/6	RPAQ-2G/6	C8-S-2G/6	C8U-S-2G/6	C2-1G/6	PH-S-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	C18-S-2G/15	C18U-S-2G/15	LCC-2G/15	RPAQ-2G/15	C8-S-2G/15	C8U-S-2G/15	C2-2G/0 C2-2G/15	PH-S-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	C18-S-2G/25	C18U-S-2G/25	LCC-2G/25	RPAQ-2G/25	C8-S-2G/25	C8U-S-2G/25	C2-2G/15 C2-2G/25	PH-S-2G/25
2000 mg	20 1111	20 0	010 0 20/20	0100 0 20/20	200 20/20	NI AQ 20/20	00 0 20/20	000 0 20/20	02 20/20	111020/20
LRC colur	nns / PE fr	its								
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S-100LRC	C18U-S-100LRC	LCC-100LRC	RPAQ-100LRC	C8-S-100LRC	C8U-S-100LRC	C2-100LRC	PH-S-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S-200LRC	C18U-S-200LRC	LCC-200LRC	RPAQ-200LRC	C8-S-200LRC	C8U-S-200LRC	C2-200LRC	PH-S-200LRC
500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S-500LRC	C18U-S-500LRC	LCC-500LRC	RPAQ-500LRC	C8-S-500LRC	C8U-S-500LRC	C2-500LRC	PH-S-500LRC
Std. colum	ana / DTEE	fuita								
			C40 C F0/4T	CAULI C FOAT	LCC FOAT	DDAO FOAT	00 C F0/4T	C8U-S-50/1T	CO FO/4T	DILC FOAT
50 mg	1 ml 1 ml	50 u 100 u	C18-S-50/1T C18-S-100/1T	C18U-S-50/1T C18U-S-100/1T	LCC-50/1T LCC-100/1T	RPAQ-50/1T RPAQ-100/1T	C8-S-50/1T C8-S-100/1T	C8U-S-30/11 C8U-S-100/1T	C2-50/1T C2-100/1T	PH-S-50/1T PH-S-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	100 u 50 u	C18-S-100/11	C18U-S-100/11	LCC-100/11 LCC-100/3T		C8-S-100/11	C8U-S-100/11	C2-100/11 C2-100/3T	PH-S-100/11 PH-S-100/3T
100 mg	•	50 u	C18-S-200/3T	C18U-S-200/3T	LCC-100/31 LCC-200/3T	RPAQ-100/3T RPAQ-200/3T	C8-S-200/3T	C8U-S-200/3T	C2-100/31 C2-200/3T	PH-S-100/31 PH-S-200/3T
200 mg	3 ml 3 ml	50 u	C18-S-500/3T	C18U-S-500/3T	LCC-200/31 LCC-500/3T	RPAQ-500/3T	C8-S-500/3T	C8U-S-500/3T	C2-200/31 C2-500/3T	PH-S-500/3T
500 mg		30 u						C8U-S-500/6T	C2-500/31 C2-500/6T	
500 mg	6 ml		C18-S-500/6T	C18U-S-500/6T	LCC-500/6T	RPAQ-500/6T	C8-S-500/6T			PH-S-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-1G/6T	C18U-S-1G/6T	LCC-1G/6T	RPAQ-1G/6T	C8-S-1G/6T	C8U-S-1G/6T	C2-1G/6T	PH-S-1G/6T
Glass colu	ımns / PTF	F frits								
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-200/6G	C18U-S-200/6G	LCC-200/6G	RPAQ-200/6G	C8-S-200/6G	C8U-S-200/6G	C2-200/6G	PH-S-200/6G
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-500/6G	C18U-S-500/6G	LCC-500/6G	RPAQ-500/6G	C8-S-500/6G	C8U-S-500/6G	C2-500/6G	PH-S-500/6G
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S-1G/6G	C18U-S-1G/6G	LCC-1G/6G	RPAQ-1G/6G	C8-S-1G/6G	C8U-S-1G/6G	C2-1G/6G	PH-S-1G/6G















Upti-Clean™ Series-S - Silica based

Upti-Clean™ Series-S 96 well plates

Automated cleanup procedures are now an integral part of the modern laboratory.

Interchim Upti-Clean™ is available in a 96 well format with a 2 ml volume per well. This high quality unit provides rapid throughput of sample, within an automated process, whilst establishing excellent well-to-well consistency.

Upti-Clean™ 96 well plates utilise Interchim's state of the art automated weight machine. This packing technology guarantees unprecedented accuracy (+/- 1% mass per column) compared to the commonly utilised competitor volumetric systems. Upti-Clean™ therefore raises the standards & client expectations for sample recovery /reproducibility.

Upti-Clean™ 96 well plates are QC tested in-house to guarantee tracability. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing Mfg number, Sorbent batch number & specifications. An additional certificate is supplied that states real sorbent mass in each individual well.

Upti-Clean™ 96 well plates are packed in a PEHD/Al bag for long term integral storage. This prevents potential damage from UV and moisture.

Upti-Clean[™] 96 well plates are manufactured from polypropylene, conform to a standard footprint (127,76 mm x 85,47 mm x 19,74 mm) and are compatible with existing systems on the market.



Upti-Clean™ Series-S, 96 well plates - 2 ml

Hydrophobic bonding

Weight	Qty	C18-S	C18U-S	LCC	RPAQ	C8-S
30 mg	1 u	C18-30/WP20	C18U-30/WP20	LCC-30/WP20	RPAQ-30/WP20	C8-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	C18-50/WP20	C18U-50/WP20	LCC-50/WP20	RPAQ-50/WP20	C8-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	C18-60/WP20	C18U-60/WP20	LCC-60/WP20	RPAQ-60/WP20	C8-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u	C18-100/WP20	C18U-100/WP20	LCC-100/WP20	RPAQ-100/WP20	C8-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	C18-150/WP20	C18U-150/WP20	LCC-150/WP20	RPAQ-150/WP20	C8-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u	C18-200/WP20	C18U-200/WP20	LCC-200/WP20	RPAQ-200/WP20	C8-200/WP20
			C8U-S	C2	PH-S	СН
30 mg	1 u		C8U-30/WP20	C2-30/WP20	PH-30/WP20	CH-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u		C8U-50/WP20	C2-50/WP20	PH-50/WP20	CH-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u		C8U-60/WP20	C2-60/WP20	PH-60/WP20	CH-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u		C8U-100/WP20	C2-100/WP20	PH-100/WP20	CH-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u		C8U-150/WP20	C2-150/WP20	PH-150/WP20	CH-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u		C8U-200/WP20	C2-200/WP20	PH-200/WP20	CH-200/WP20





Ion exchange columns

Upti-Clean™ Series-S - Silica based

WCX

WCX-50/1

WCX-100/1

WCX-100/3

WCX-200/3

WCX-500/3

WCX-500/6

WCX-1G/6

WCX-2G/6

WCX-2G/15

WCX-2G/25

WCX-50/1T

WCX-100/1T

WCX-100/3T

WCX-200/3T

WCX-500/3T

WCX-500/6T

WCX-1G/6T

WCX-200/6G

WCX-500/6G

WCX-1G/6G

DEAE

DEAE-50/1

DEAE-100/1

DEAE-100/3

DEAE-200/3

DEAE-500/3

DEAE-500/6

DEAE-1G/6

DEAE-2G/6

DEAE-2G/15

DEAE-2G/25

WCX-100LRC DEAE-100LRC SAX-100LRC

WCX-200LRC DEAE-200LRC SAX-200LRC WCX-500LRC DEAE-500LRC SAX-500LRC

DEAE-50/1T

DEAE-100/1T

DEAE-100/3T

DEAE-200/3T

DEAE-500/3T

DEAE-500/6T

DEAE-1G/6T

DEAE-200/6G

DEAE-500/6G

DEAE-1G/6G

SAX

SAX-50/1 SAX-100/1

SAX-100/3

SAX-200/3

SAX-500/3

SAX-500/6

SAX-1G/6

SAX-2G/6

SAX-2G/15

SAX-2G/25

SAX-50/1T

SAX-100/1T

SAX-100/3T

SAX-200/3T

SAX-500/3T

SAX-500/6T

SAX-1G/6T

SAX-200/6G

SAX-500/6G

SAX-1G/6G

Hydrophilic columns

6 ml

Glass columns / PTFE frits

500 mg

1000 mg 6 ml

200 ma 6 ml

500 mg 6 ml

1000 mg 6 ml

30 u

30 u

30 u

30 u

SI-S-500/6T

SI-S-1G/6T

SI-S-200/6G

SI-S-500/6G

SI-S-1G/6G

Weight	Volume	Qty	SI-S	NH2-S	CN-S	ОН	Weight	Volume	Qty	SCX
Std. colu	umns / PE	frits					Std. col	umns / PE	frits	
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	SI-S-50/1	NH2-S-50/1	CN-S-50/1	OH-50/1	50 mg	1 ml	50 u	SCX-50/1
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	SI-S-100/1	NH2-S-100/1	CN-S-100/1	OH-100/1	100 mg	1 ml	100 u	SCX-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-100/3	NH2-S-100/3	CN-S-100/3	OH-100/3	100 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-100/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-200/3	NH2-S-200/3	CN-S-200/3	OH-200/3	200 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-200/3
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-500/3	NH2-S-500/3	CN-S-500/3	OH-500/3	500 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	SI-S-500/6	NH2-S-500/6	CN-S-500/6	OH-500/6	500 mg	6 ml	30 u	SCX-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	SI-S-1G/6	NH2-S-1G/6	CN-S-1G/6	OH-1G/6	1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	SCX-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	SI-S-2G/6	NH2-S-2G/6	CN-S-2G/6	OH-2G/6	2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	SCX-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	SI-S-2G/15	NH2-S-2G/15	CN-S-2G/15	OH-2G/15	2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	SCX-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	SI-S-2G/25	NH2-S-2G/25	CN-S-2G/25	OH-2G/25	2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	SCX-2G/25
1.001		- 6-14-					1.001		- 6.:4-	
	umns / PE							umns / Pl		
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SI-S-100LRC	NH2-S-100LRC		OH-100LRC	100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SCX-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SI-S-200LRC	NH2-S-200LRC		OH-200LRC	200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SCX-200LRC
500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SI-S-500LRC	NH2-S-500LRC	CN-S-500LRC	OH-500LRC	500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	SCX-500LRC
Std. colu	umns / PT	FE frits					Std. col	umns / P1	FE frits	;
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	SI-S-50/1T	NH2-S-50/1T	CN-S-50/1T	OH-50/1T	50 mg	1 ml	50 u	SCX-50/1T
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	SI-S-100/1T	NH2-S-100/1T	CN-S-100/1T	OH-100/1T	100 mg	1 ml	100 u	SCX-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-100/3T	NH2-S-100/3T	CN-S-100/3T	OH-100/3T	100 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-100/3T
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-200/3T	NH2-S-200/3T	CN-S-200/3T	OH-200/3T	200 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-200/3T
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	SI-S-500/3T	NH2-S-500/3T	CN-S-500/3T	OH-500/3T	500 mg	3 ml	50 u	SCX-500/3T

CN-S-500/6T

CN-S-1G/6T

CN-S-200/6G

CN-S-500/6G

CN-S-1G/6G

OH-500/6T

OH-1G/6T

OH-200/6G

OH-500/6G

OH-1G/6G

500 mg

1000 mg 6 ml

200 ma 6 ml

500 mg 6 ml

1000 mg 6 ml

6 ml

Glass columns / PTFE frits

Hydrophilic 96 well plates - 2 ml

Weight	Qty	SI-S	NH2-S	CN-S	ОН
30 mg	1 u	SI-30/WP20	NH2-30/WP20	CN-30/WP20	OH-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	SI-50/WP20	NH2-50/WP20	CN-50/WP20	OH-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	SI-60/WP20	NH2-60/WP20	CN-60/WP20	OH-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u	SI-100/WP20	NH2-100/WP20	CN-100/WP20	OH-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	SI-150/WP20	NH2-150/WP20	CN-150/WP20	OH-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u	SI-200/WP20	NH2-200/WP20	CN-200/WP20	OH-200/WP20

Ion exchange :es - 2 ml

30 u

30 u

30 u

30 u

SCX-500/6T

SCX-1G/6T

SCX-200/6G

SCX-500/6G

SCX-1G/6G

Weight	Qty	SCX	WCX	DEAE	SAX
30 mg	1 u	SCX-30/WP20	WCX-30/WP20	DEAE-30/WP20	SAX-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	SCX-50/WP20	WCX-50/WP20	DEAE-50/WP20	SAX-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	SCX-60/WP20	WCX-60/WP20	DEAE-60/WP20	SAX-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u	SCX-100/WP20	WCX-100/WP20	DEAE-100/WP20	SAX-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	SCX-150/WP20	WCX-150/WP20	DEAE-150/WP20	SAX-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u	SCX-200/WP20	WCX-200/WP20	DEAE-200/WP20	SAX-200/WP20





NH2-S-500/6T

NH2-S-1G/6T

NH2-S-200/6G

NH2-S-500/6G

NH2-S-1G/6G











Upti-Clean™ Series-S - Silica based

Mixed mode columns

Weight	Volume	Qty	MM1	MM2	MM3	MM4
Std. column	ns / PE frits					
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	MM1-50/1	MM2-50/1	MM3-50/1	MM4-50/1
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	MM1-100/1	MM2-100/1	MM3-100/1	MM4-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-100/3	MM2-100/3	MM3-100/3	MM4-100/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-200/3	MM2-200/3	MM3-200/3	MM4-200/3
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-500/3	MM2-500/3	MM3-500/3	MM4-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-500/6	MM2-500/6	MM3-500/6	MM4-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-1G/6	MM2-1G/6	MM3-1G/6	MM4-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	MM1-2G/6	MM2-2G/6	MM3-2G/6	MM4-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	MM1-2G/15	MM2-2G/15	MM3-2G/15	MM4-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	MM1-2G/25	MM2-2G/25	MM3-2G/25	MM4-2G/25
LRC columi	ns / PF frits					
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	MM1-100LRC	MM2-100LRC	MM3-100LRC	MM4-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	MM1-200LRC	MM2-200LRC	MM3-200LRC	MM4-200LRC
500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	MM1-500LRC	MM2-500LRC	MM3-500LRC	MM4-500LRC
Std column	ns / PTFE frits					
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	MM1-50/1T	MM2-50/1T	MM3-50/1T	MM4-50/1T
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	MM1-100/1T	MM2-100/1T	MM3-100/1T	MM4-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-100/3T	MM2-100/3T	MM3-100/3T	MM4-100/3T
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-200/3T	MM2-200/3T	MM3-200/3T	MM4-200/3T
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	MM1-500/3T	MM2-500/3T	MM3-500/3T	MM4-500/3T
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-500/6T	MM2-500/6T	MM3-500/6T	MM4-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-1G/6T	MM2-1G/6T	MM3-1G/6T	MM4-1G/6T
	nns - PTFE frits					
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-200/6G	MM2-200/6G	MM3-200/6G	MM4-200/6G
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-500/6G	MM2-500/6G	MM3-500/6G	MM4-500/6G
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	MM1-1G/6G	MM2-1G/6G	MM3-1G/6G	MM4-1G/6G



Mixed mode 96 well plates - 2 ml

Weight	Qty	MM1	MM2	MM3	MM4
30 mg	1 u	MM1-30/WP20	MM2-30/WP20	MM3-30/WP20	MM4-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	MM1-50/WP20	MM2-50/WP20	MM3-50/WP20	MM4-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	MM1-60/WP20	MM2-60/WP20	MM3-60/WP20	MM4-60/WP20
100 mg	1 u	MM1-100/WP20	MM2-100/WP20	MM3-100/WP20	MM4-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	MM1-150/WP20	MM2-150/WP20	MM3-150/WP20	MM4-150/WP20
200 mg	1 u	MM1-200/WP20	MM2-200/WP20	MM3-200/WP20	MM4-200/WP20

Upti-Clean™ Series-S2F - Silica based

Upti-Clean™ Series-S2F columns are easy to use, efficient SPE cleaning devices. 140 µm particle size achieves faster flow and helps to achieve non-polar and mid-polar compound extraction from crude matrices without clogging.

- 3 selectivities available
- Polypropylene MG or Glass housing
- Std. PE or PTFE frits
- Luer outlet fitting

Applications: urines, plasmas, oils...

Upti-Clean™ Series-S2F, columns

Weight	Volume	Qty	C18-S2F	C18U-S2F	C8-S2F
Std. columns	/ PE frits				
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-50/1	C18U-S2F-50/1	C8-S2F-50/1
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	C18-S2F-100/1	C18U-S2F-100/1	C8-S2F-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-100/3	C18U-S2F-100/3	C8-S2F-100/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-200/3	C18U-S2F-200/3	C8-S2F-200/3
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-500/3	C18U-S2F-500/3	C8-S2F-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-500/6	C18U-S2F-500/6	C8-S2F-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-1G/6	C18U-S2F-1G/6	C8-S2F-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	C18-S2F-2G/6	C18U-S2F-2G/6	C8-S2F-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	C18-S2F-2G/15	C18U-S2F-2G/15	C8-S2F-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	C18-S2F-2G/25	C18U-S2F-2G/25	C8-S2F-2G/25
2000 1119	20 1111	25 0	0.0 02. 20/20	0 100 021 20/20	33 32. ZG/20
LRC columns	s / PE frits				
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S2F-100LRC	C18U-S2F-100LRC	C8-S2F-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S2F-200LRC	C18U-S2F-200LRC	C8-S2F-200LRC
500 mg	LRC 15	50 u	C18-S2F-500LRC	C18U-S2F-500LRC	C8-S2F-500LRC
Std. columns	/ PTFE frits				
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-50/1T	C18U-S2F-50/1T	C8-S2F-50/1T
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	C18-S2F-100/1T	C18U-S2F-100/1T	C8-S2F-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-100/3T	C18U-S2F-100/3T	C8-S2F-100/3T
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-200/3T	C18U-S2F-200/3T	C8-S2F-200/3T
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	C18-S2F-500/3T	C18U-S2F-500/3T	C8-S2F-500/3T
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-500/6T	C18U-S2F-500/6T	C8-S2F-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-1G/6T	C18U-S2F-1G/6T	C8-S2F-1G/6T
	•				
Glass colum	ns / PTFE frits				
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-200/6G	C18U-S2F-200/6G	C8-S2F-200/6G
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-500/6G	C18U-S2F-500/6G	C8-S2F-500/6G
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	C18-S2F-1G/6G	C18U-S2F-1G/6G	C8-S2F-1G/6G















Upti-Clean™ Specialty

The Upti-Clean™ Specialty Series columns complete the Series S range. The Specialty series are designed for specific applications highlighted below.

- Polypropylene MG housing
- Std. PE or PTFE frits
- Luer outlet fitting

Florisil® columns

Florisil is a magnesia-loaded silica gel used to trap polar impurities within non-polar matrices. Florisil can also be used as an alternative to traditional virgin silica when working with viscous solvents.

Florisil PR is a grade for Pesticide applications

Weight	Volume	Qty	FL	FLPR
Std. columns	/ PE frits			
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	FL-500/3	FLPR-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	FL-500/6	FLPR-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	FL-1G/6	FLPR-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	FL-2G/6	FLPR-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	FL-2G/15	FLPR-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	FL-2G/25	FLPR-2G/25
Std. columns	/ PTFE frits			
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	FL-500/3T	FLPR-500/3T
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	FL-500/6T	FLPR-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	FL-1G/6T	FLPR-1G/6T

Alumina columns _____

The aluminium atom lacks two electrons within its center that are responsible for ion pair interaction.

The acidic treatment of Alumina favors the retention of cationic species whilst a basic treatment of Alumina leads to the retention of anionic species.

Neutral Alumina is suitable to clean non ionisable compounds with polar function.

Applications: Environmental (dioxines, PCB,..)

1000 mg	6 ml		30 u	FL-1G/6T	FLPR-1G/6T
Weight	Volume	Qtv	ALA	ALB	ALN
weignt	Volume	Qty	ALA	ALD	ALIV
Std. colum	ns / PE frits				
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	ALA-500/3	ALB-500/3	ALN-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ALA-500/6	ALB-500/6	ALN-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ALA-1G/6	ALB-1G/6	ALN-1G/6
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	ALA-2G/6	ALB-2G/6	ALN-2G/6
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	ALA-2G/15	ALB-2G/15	ALN-2G/15
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	ALA-2G/25	ALB-2G/25	ALN-2G/25

500 mg	3 ml	50 u	ALA-500/3T	ALB-500/3T	ALN-500/3T
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ALA-500/6T	ALB-500/6T	ALN-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ALA-1G/6T	ALB-1G/6T	ALN-1G/6T

Upti-Clean™ DRY columns _

These columns remove trace water found in organic solvents or non aqueous samples. They contain a treated, high purity sodium sufate group within the structure.

Description	Weight	Volume	Qty	P/N
Upti-Clean DRY	300 mg	1 ml	50 u	DRY-300/1
Upti-Clean DRY	500 mg	3 ml	50 u	DRY-500/3
Upti-Clean DRY	2000 mg	3 ml	50 u	DRY-2G/3



Sample Prep - Solid Phase Extraction Upti-Clean™ Specialty

Amberlite™ columns

Amberlite® is the first generation of polymer resins. They are used for fast separation of a variety of compounds from biological fluids. Amberlite® suffer from weak selectivity.

Weight	Volume	Qty	XAD-2	XAD-4	XAD-7	XAD-16			
Std. columns / PE frits									
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	XAD2-100/1	XAD4-100/1	XAD7-100/1	XAD16-100/1			
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	XAD2-200/3	XAD4-200/3	XAD7-200/3	XAD16-200/3			
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	XAD2-500/3	XAD4-500/3	XAD7-500/3	XAD16-500/3			
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	XAD2-500/6	XAD4-500/6	XAD7-500/6	XAD16-500/6			
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	XAD2-1G/6	XAD4-1G/6	XAD7-1G/6	XAD16-1G/6			
1000 mg	12 ml	20 u	XAD2-1G/12	XAD4-1G/12	XAD7-1G/12	XAD16-1G/12			
2000 mg	6 ml	30 u	XAD2-2G/6	XAD4-2G/6	XAD7-2G/6	XAD16-2G/6			
2000 mg	12 ml	20 u	XAD2-2G/12	XAD4-2G/12	XAD7-2G/12	XAD16-2G/12			
5000 mg	35 ml	20 u	XAD2-5G/35	XAD4-5G/35	XAD7-5G/35	XAD16-5G/35			
10000 mg	60 ml	12 u	XAD2-10G/60	XAD4-10G/60	XAD7-10G/60	XAD16-10G/60			
20000 mg	60 ml	12 u	XAD2-20G/60	XAD4-20G/60	XAD7-20G/60	XAD16-20G/60			

Polyamide columns _

Amide functionality upon a Nylon support. Polyamide columns are typically used for aromatic and natural compound extraction such as PAH or flavanoids

Weight	Volume	Qty	P6					
Std. columns / PE frits								
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	P6-100/1					
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	P6-100/3					
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	P6-200/3					
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	P6-500/3					
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	P6-500/6					
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	P6-1G/6					
2000 mg	6 ml	20 u	P6-2G/6					
2000 mg	15 ml	20 u	P6-2G/15					
2000 mg	25 ml	20 u	P6-2G/25					

β-Cyclodextrine columns_

 β -Cyclodextrine is useful for cleaning small molecular mass oligosaccharides.

Weight	Volume	Qty	BCD					
Std. columns / PE frits								
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	B-CD-100/1					
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	B-CD-100/3					
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	B-CD-200/3					
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	B-CD-500/3					
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	B-CD-500/6					
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	B-CD-1G/6					















Upti-Clean™ Specialty

Graphitized carbon columns.

The electronic interactions of graphitized carbon assure the retention of a large variety of compounds. This sorbent is especially suited to polar compound extraction within an aqueous matrix.

Weight	Volume	Qty	CG-ENV	CG
Std. column	s / PE frits			
50 mg	1 ml	100 u	CG-ENV-50/1	CG-50/1
100 mg	1 ml	100 u	CG-ENV-100/1	CG-100/1
150 mg	3 ml	50 u		CG-150/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	CG-ENV-200/3	CG-200/3
250 mg	3 ml	50 u		CG-250/3
250 mg	6 ml	30 u		CG-250/6
500 mg	3 ml	50 u	CG-ENV-500/3	CG-500/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	CG-ENV-500/6	CG-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	-	CG-ENV-1G/6	CG-1G/6
1000 mg	15 ml	20 u	CG-ENV-1G/15	CG-1G/1

Florisil & Alumina 96 well plate

Weight	Qty	FL	FLPR	ALA	ALB	ALN
50 mg	1 u	FL-50/WP20	FLPR-50/WP20	ALA-50/WP20	ALB-50/WP20	ALN-50/WP20
100 mg	1 u	FL-100/WP20	FLPR-100/WP20	ALA-100/WP20	ALB-100/WP20	ALN-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	FL-150/WP20	FLPR-150/WP20	ALA-150/WP20	ALB-150/WP20	ALN-150/WP20





Upti-Clean™ 48 well plates

The Upti-Clean® 48 well-plate is a flash purification device for chemists working in Drug Discovery Laboratories and Medicinal Chemistry Departments.

The 48 well format maximises sample purification throughput and is an essential tool for library purification. The large volume wells (5 & 7 ml) allow high sample volume load.

Interchim silica and bonded silica are rigid supports that do not shrink or swell with solvents. The pH stability of bonded silica is limited, typically to within the range of 2 to 7.5. This is dependant on the chemisty and Interchim offers 8 different selectivities in this format. Our sorbents take advantage of our ultra pure spherical silca (Upti-prep™), and this achieves greater purification, and establishes optimized sample recovery.

Upti-Clean™ 48 well plates utilise Interchim's state of the art automated weight machine. This packing technology guarantees unprecedented accuracy (+/- 1% mass per column) compared to the commonly utilised competitor volumetric systems. Upti-Clean™ therefore raise the standards & client expectations for sample recovery /reproducibility.

Upti-CleanTM 48 well plates are QC tested in-house to guarantee tracability. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing Mfg number, Sorbent batch number & specifications. An additional certificate is supplied that states real sorbent mass in each individual well.

Upti-Clean™ 48 well plates are packed in a PEHD/Al bag for long term integral storage. This prevents potential damage from UV and moisture.

Upti-Clean® 48 well plates are manufactured from polypropylene MG, conform to a standard footprint (127,76 mm x 85,47 mm) and are compatible with existing systems on the market.

Sorbent	Mass / well 100 mg / 5 ml	Mass / well 250 mg / 5 ml	Mass / well 500 mg / 7 ml	Mass / well 1000 mg / 7 ml
Silica	SI-100/WP50	SI-250/WP50	SI-500/WP70	SI-1G/WP70
C18	C18-100/WP50	C18-250/WP50	C18-500/WP70	C18-1G/WP70
Penyl	PH-100/WP50	PH-250/WP50	PH-500/WP70	PH-1G/WP70
Amino	NH2-100/WP50	NH2-250/WP50	NH2-500/WP70	NH2-1G/WP70
Strong Anion Exchanger	SAX-100/WP50	SAX-250/WP50	SAX-500/WP70	SAX-1G/WP70
Strong Canion Exchanger	SCX-100/WP50	SCX-250/WP50	SCX-500/WP70	SCX-1G/WP70
Alumina basic	ALB-100/WP50	ALB-250/WP50	ALB-500/WP70	ALB-1G/WP70
Florisil	FL-100/WP50	FL-250/WP50	FL-500/WP70	FL-1G/WP70

















Atoll™ - Polymer based

Atoll™ is a comprehensive product range based upon porous polymers consisting of ultra pure spherical particles with strictly controlled particle & pore size distribution. Atoll™ is the latest generation of polymer that does not shrink or swell with a range of standard solvents.

Atoll™ can be used through a wide range of pH (1-14) and is compatible with all solvents and existing samples. It has a very high surface area, Atoll™ XC exhibiting the highest surface area currently available on market (1500 sq M /g) approximately three times greater loading capacity than traditional silica sorbents. The higher capacity of Atoll™ allows for smaller bed masses.

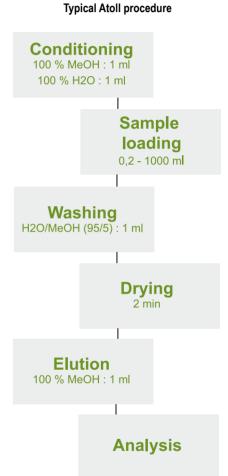
Interchim bonding technology ensures greater batch to batch reproducibility for the Atoll™ family of products, therefore there is no longer a need for batch reservations. Our products subsequently achieve superior recovery rates relative to traditional media, exhibiting excellent reproducibility & consistency.

The Atoll™ family of products: Atoll Xtrem™ Capacity (XC) - Atoll™ Xtrem Capacity Wide Pore (XWP) - Atoll™ Hydrophilic (ATH) - Atoll™ Environment (AEV) - Atoll™ Lipophilic (ATL)

The Atoll™ range achieves accuracy of +/- 1% in mass per column thanks to a strictly controlled packing process. Atoll™ products are thoroughly quality control tested in-house to guarantee tracability. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing the specific production number and sorbent batch.

Atoll™ columns are packed in a PEHD/Al bag for long term integral storage. This prevents potential damage from UV and moisture.

Туре	Product code	Sorbent	Particle size	Porosity	Surface area
Atoll Xtrem Capacity	30XC	PSDVB	30 µm	n.a.	1500 m²/g
	XC	PSDVB	70 µm	n.a.	1500 m²/g
Atoll Xtrem Capacity Wide Pore	XWP	PSDVB	90 µm	n.a.	1200 m²/g
Atoll Hydrophile	30ATH ATH	n.a. n.a.	30 μm 75 μm	70 Å 70 Å	800 m²/g 800 m²/g
Atoll Environment	AEV	PSHEMA	75 µm	70 Å	800 m²/g
Atoll Lipophile	ATL	PSDVB	100 µm	70 Å	800 m²/g





Atoll™ XC columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Xtrem Capacity (XC)

AtollTM XC exhibits the highest surface area currently available on the market (1500 sq M /g), approximately three times greater loading capacity than traditional silica sorbents. Atoll XC improves, 2 to 3 fold, the retention of a compound of interest, compared to traditional silica.

Atoll XC polymer is a versatile sorbent for the extraction and pre-concentration of non-polar, polar, acidic, basic or neutral compounds.

Std. 70 µm and 30 µm
 pH stability : 1 to 14

Pharmaceutical applications : drugs & metabolites in biological fluids

• Environmental applications : PAH, PCB, carbamates, phenyl-ureas, acrylamide, glyphosate

Weight	Volume	Qty	Atoll XC	Atoll 30 µm XC			
Std. colum	ns / PE frits						
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-30/1	30XC-30/1			
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-50/1	30XC-50/1			
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-60/1	30XC-60/1			
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-75/1	30XC-75/1		- Table 1	
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-100/1	30XC-100/1			
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	XC-100/3	On request		V	V .
150 mg	3 ml 3 ml	50 u 50 u	XC-150/3 XC-200/3	On request			
200 mg 250 mg	3 ml	50 u 50 u	XC-250/3	On request			
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	XC-500/6	On request On request			
Jou mg	O IIII	30 u	AG-300/0	On request			
LRC colum	nns / PE frits						
50 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XC-50LRC	30XC-50LRC			
75 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XC-75LRC	30XC-75LRC			The second line of the second li
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XC-100LRC	30XC-100LRC			
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XC-200LRC	On request			
Ctd aclum	no / DTEE frito						
30 mg	ns / PTFE frits	50 u	XC-30/1T	30XC-30/1T			
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-50/11 XC-50/1T	30XC-50/1T		A	A
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-50/11 XC-60/1T	30XC-60/1T			
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-75/1T	30XC-75/1T			
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	XC-100/1T	30XC-100/1T			
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	XC-100/3T	On request			•
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	XC-150/3T	On request			
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	XC-200/3T	On request			
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	XC-250/3T	On request			
						Λ.	A
	mns / PTFE frits						
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	XC-200/6G	On request		The same of the sa	
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	XC-500/6G	On request			















Atoll™ ATH columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Hydrophilic (ATH)

AtollTM Hydrophilic contains proprietary chemical modifications that achieve unsurpassed compound extraction within 100% aqueous matrices. This technology facilitates mixed hydrophilic /hydrophobic interactions.

● Std. 70 µm

pH stability : 2 to 12

Pharmaceutical applications : drugs & metabolites in biological fluids

• Environmental applications: PAH, PCB, carbamates, phenyl-ureas, acrylamide, glyphosate

Weight	Volume	Qty	Atoll ATH	Atoll 30 µm ATH
Std. columi	ns / PE frits			
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-30/1	30ATH-30/1
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-50/1	30ATH-50/1
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-60/1	30ATH-60/1
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-75/1	30ATH-75/1
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-100/1	30ATH-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-100/3	On request
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-150/3	On request
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-200/3	On request
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-250/3	On request
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATH-500/6	On request
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATH-1G/6	On request
	ns / PE frits			
50 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATH-50LRC	30ATH-50LRC
75 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATH-75LRC	30ATH-75LRC
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATH-100LRC	30ATH-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATH-200LRC	On request
Ctd advisor	ns / PTFE frits			
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-30/1T	30ATH-30/1T
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-50/1T	30ATH-50/1T
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-60/1T	30ATH-50/1T
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-75/1T	30ATH-75/1T
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATH-13/11 ATH-100/1T	30ATH-75/TT 30ATH-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-100/11 ATH-100/3T	On request
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-150/3T	On request
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-200/3T	On request
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATH-250/3T	On request
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATH-500/6T	On request
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATH-1G/6T	On request
1000 IIIg	O IIII	30 u	ATTI-TO/OT	On request
Glass colur	nns / PTFE frits			
	6 ml	30 u	ATH-200/6G	On request
200 mg	U IIII			



Atoll™ AEV columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Environment (AEV)

Atoll™ AEV is a hydroxyethlmethacrylate - polystyrene polymer that supports the extraction of compounds weakly retained on C18. Atoll™ AEV exhibits high extraction flow of non-polar and mid-polar compounds that allows to clean and collect multi-residue samples in a single fraction prior to analysis. These characteristics identify this support as suitable to perform environmental extractions.

€ 75 µm

PH stability: 1 to 12

• Environmental applications : PAH, PCB, carbamates, phenyl-ureas

Weight	Volume	Qty	AEV		
Std. columns / PE	frits				
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-30/1		
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-50/1		
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-60/1	A	
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-75/1		Std. columns
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-100/1	The same of the sa	PP straight tube + 20µm PE frits
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-100/3		
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-150/3		
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-200/3		
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-250/3		
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-500/6		
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-1G/6	_	
LRC columns / PE	frite				
50 mg	LRC 15	50 u	AEV-50LRC		
75 mg	LRC 15	50 u	AEV-75LRC	The second secon	LRC columns
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	AEV-100LRC		PP tube + 20µm PE frits
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	AEV-200LRC		
Std. columns / PTF	F frite			-	
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-30/1T		
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-50/1T		
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-60/1T	A	
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-75/1T		Std. columns
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	AEV-100/1T		PP straight tube + 20µm PTFE
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-100/3T		frits
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-150/3T		
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-200/3T		
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	AEV-250/3T		
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-500/6T		
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-1G/6T		
Glass columns / P	TFF frite	<u> </u>			Glass columns
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-200/6G		Glass tube + 20µm PTFE frits
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	AEV-500/6G	V	Code topo - Zopini in E into
ooo mg	V IIII		ALT COURS	-	















Atoll™ ATL columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Lipophilic (ATL)

Atoll™ ATL is a 100 µm PSDVB optimized for the extraction of hydrophobic compounds in a large variety of matrices and is an excellent alternative to high flow silica for crude samples.

- pH stability: 1 to 14
- Applications : oils, muds, reactional environment after synthesis, ...

Weight	Volume	Qty	Atoll ATL
Std. columns /	PE frits		
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-30/1
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-50/1
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-60/1
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-75/1
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-100/1
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-100/3
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-150/3
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-200/3
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-250/3
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-500/6
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-1G/6
LRC columns		50	ATL FOLDO
50 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATL-50LRC
75 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATL-75LRC
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATL-100LRC
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	ATL-200LRC
Std. columns /	PTFE frits		
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-30/1T
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-50/1T
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-60/1T
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-75/1T
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	ATL-100/1T
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-100/3T
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-150/3T
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-200/3T
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	ATL-250/3T
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-500/6T
1000 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-1G/6T
Class salumin	/ DTFF 6::4-		
Glass columns		20	ATI 000/00
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-200/6G
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	ATL-500/6G



Atoll™ XWP columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Xtrem Capacity Wide Pore (XWP)

Atoll™ XWP is a highly cross linked PSDVB exhibiting a very high surface area (1200 m²/g) and a 90 µm particle size. The apparent porosity of Atoll™ XWP makes it particularly suitable for protein & peptide cleaning from biologic fluids within a cut-off limit of ~ 500 KD. Its characteristics guarantee an excellent throughput and achieve efficient extractions without clogging.

pH stability: 1 to 14

Applications: proteins and peptides in polar matrices, molecules with high molecular weight in all solvent types.

Weight	Volume	Qty	Atoli XWP		
Std. columns / PE	frits				
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-30/1		
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-50/1		
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-60/1		
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-75/1		Std. columns
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-100/1		PP straight tube + 20µm PE frits
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-100/3	V	
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-150/3		
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-200/3		
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-250/3		
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	XWP-500/6		
LRC columns / P	= frita				
50 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XWP-50LRC		
75 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XWP-30LRC XWP-75LRC	The second secon	LRC columns
100 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XWP-100LRC		PP tube + 20µm PE frits
200 mg	LRC 15	50 u	XWP-100ERC	A	
200 mg	LITO 10	30 u	ATTI -ZOULINO	_	
Std. columns / P7	FE frits				
30 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-30/1T		
50 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-50/1T		
60 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-60/1T		Std. columns
75 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-75/1T		PP straight tube + 20µm PTFE
100 mg	1 ml	50 u	XWP-100/1T		frits
100 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-100/3T		mo
150 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-150/3T		
200 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-200/3T		
250 mg	3 ml	50 u	XWP-250/3T	_	
Glass columns /	PTFF frits			1	Glass columns
200 mg	6 ml	30 u	XWP-200/6G	1	Glass tube + 20µm PTFE frits
500 mg	6 ml	30 u	XWP-500/6G	V	Olass tube + ZUµIII F II E IIIIS
	O IIII	00 u	A 000/00	_	















Atoll™ Bio-lon Exchange columns - Polymer based

Atoll™ Bio-Ion Exchange

Atoll™ Bio-lon Exchange bonded chemistry exhibits lon exchange interaction and offers distinct selectivity to support the extraction and purification of proteins in aqueous matrices, such as biological fluids.

Adsorbent vol.	Volume	Qty	SPCE	WPCE	WPAE	SPAE
0,5 ml	3 ml	50 u	SPCE-0.5/3	WPCE-0.5/3	WPAE-0.5/3	SPAE-0.5/3
1 ml	3 ml	50 u	SPCE-1X/3	WPCE-1X/3	WPAE-1X/3	SPAE-1X/3
2 ml	6 ml	50 u	SPCE-2X/6	WPCE-2X/6	WPAE-2X/6	SPAE-2X/6



Atoll™ 96 well plates - Polymer based

Atoll™ is a comprehensive product range based upon porous polymers consisting of ultra pure spherical particles with strictly controlled particle & pore size distribution. Atoll™ is the latest generation of polymer that does not shrink or swell within a range of standard solvents. The Atoll™ family of products: Atoll Xtrem™ Capacity (XC) - Atoll™ Xtrem Capacity Wide Pore (XWP) - Atoll™ Hydrophilic (ATH) - Atoll™ Environment (AEV) - Atoll™ Lipophilic (ATL)

See page A.43 to A.49 for relevant information about Atoll™ characteristics.

Automated cleanup procedures are now an integral part of the modern laboratory.

AtollTM is available in a 96 well format with a 2 ml volume per well. This high quality unit provides rapid throughput of sample, within an automated process, whilst establishing excellent well-to-well consistency.

Atoll™ 96 well plates utilise Interchim's state of the art automated weight machine.

This packing technology guarantees unprecedented accuracy (+/- 1% mass per column) compared to the commonly utilised competitor volumetric systems. Atoll™ therefore raises the standards & client expectations for sample recovery /reproducibility.

AtollTM 96 well plates are QC tested in-house to guarantee tracibility. Products are supplied with an individual certificate detailing Mfg number, Sorbent batch number and specifications. An additional certificate is supplied that states real sorbent mass in each individual well.

AtollTM 96 well plates are packed in a PEHD/Al bag for long term integral storage. This prevents potential damage from UV and moisture.

AtollTM 96 well plates are manufactured from polypropylene, conform to a standard footprint (127,76 mm x 85,47 mm x 19,74 mm) and are compatible with existing systems on the market.

Weight	Qty	Atoll XC	Atoll 30XC	Atoll ATH	Atoll 30ATH
30 mg	1 u	XC-30/WP20	30XC-30/WP20	ATH-30/WP20	30ATH-30/WP20
50 mg	1 u	XC-50/WP20	30XC-50/WP20	ATH-50/WP20	30ATH-50/WP20
60 mg	1 u	XC-60/WP20	30XC-60/WP20	ATH-60/WP20	30ATH-60/WP20
75 mg	1 u	XC-75/WP20	30XC-75/WP20	ATH-75/WP20	30ATH-75/WP20
100 mg	1 u	XC-100/WP20	30XC-100/WP20	ATH-100/WP20	30ATH-100/WP20
150 mg	1 u	XC-150/WP20	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
200 mg	1 u	XC-200/WP20	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Weight	Qty	Atoll AEV	Atoll ATL	Atoll XWP	
30 mg	1 u	AEV-30/WP20	ATL-30/WP20	XWP-30/WP20	
50 mg	1 u	AEV-50/WP20	ATL-50/WP20	XWP-50/WP20	
60 mg	1 u	AEV-60/WP20	ATL-60/WP20	XWP-60/WP20	
75 mg	1 u	AEV-75/WP20	ATL-75/WP20	XWP-75/WP20	
100 mg	1 u	AEV-100/WP20	ATL-100/WP20	XWP-100/WP20	

















Polymer/ Silica kits - method development & optimization

The rapid development of robust, reproducible & repeatable Solid Phase Extraction methods is a primary challenge for todays analyst. To assist with the achievement of this goal Interchim has developed a complete range of kits. The analyst can combine, within the kits, sorbent nature (silicas or polymers), mass and container volume. The combination of these parameters is critical to obtain optimum extraction yield as well as achieving good reproducibility.

Method development kits provide quick and efficient selection of the most suitable column. The analyst should know a basic background of information regarding the nature of the compound of interest, the impurities and the matrix. Upon identification of these parameters the optimization kit should optimize extraction yield and elution volume.

Interchim is happy to assist you in building an appropriate kit for method development and optimization.

Pharmaceutical 1

Qty	P/N SPE-D9 Kit 100 mg / 1 mL	P/N SPE-D10 Kit 200 mg / 3 mL
6 columns C18-S	C18-S-100/1	C18-S-200/3
6 columns C8-S	C8-S-100/1	C8-S-200/3
6 columns CN-S	CN-S-100/1	CN-S-200/3
6 columns MM1	MM1-100/1	MM1-200/3
6 columns RPAQ	RPAQ-100/1	RPAQ-200/3
6 columns SCX	SCX-100/1	SCX-200/3
6 columns SAX	SAX-100/1	SAX-200/3

Pharmaceutical 2

Qty	P/N SPE-D11 Kit 100 mg / 1 mL	P/N SPE-D12 Kit 200 mg / 3 mL
6 columns C18-S	C18-S-100/1	C18-S-200/3
6 columns C8-S	C8-S-100/1	C8-S-200/3
6 columns RPAQ	RPAQ-100/1	RPAQ-200/3
6 columns MM1	MM1-100/1	MM1-200/3
6 columns SCX	SCX-100/1	SCX-200/3
6 columns XC	XC-100/1	XC-200/3
6 columns AEV	AEV-100/1	AEV-200/3



Polymer/ Silica kits - method development & optimization

Non-polar kit

P/N SPE-D54	P/N SPE-D55	P/N SPE-D56
100 mg / 1 mL	200 mg / 3 mL	500 mg / 6 mL
6 columns C18-S 6 columns C18U-S 6 columns RPAQ 6 columns C8-S 6 columns C2 6 columns PH-S 6 columns CH 6 columns ATH 6 columns XC	6 columns C18-S 6 columns C18U-S 6 columns RPAQ 6 columns C8-S 6 columns C2 6 columns PH-S 6 columns CH 6 columns ATH 6 columns XC	6 columns C18-S 6 columns C18U-S 6 columns RPAQ 6 columns C8-S 6 columns C2 6 columns PH-S 6 columns CH 6 columns ATH 6 columns XC

Ion exchange & mixed mode kit

P/N SPE-D57 200 mg / 3 mL	P/N SPE-D58 500 mg / 6 mL	
6 columns SCX	6 columns SCX	
6 columns SAX	6 columns SAX	
6 columns WCX	6 columns WCX	
6 columns DEAE	6 columns DEAE	
6 columns NH2	6 columns NH2	
6 columns MM1	6 columns MM1	
6 columns MM2	6 columns MM2	
6 columns MM3	6 columns MM3	
6 columns MM4	6 columns MM4	

Polymer kit

P/N SPE-D15	P/N SPE-D59
100 mg / 1 mL	50 mg / 1 mL
6 columns XC 6 columns XWP 6 columns AEV 6 columns ATH 6 columns ATL	6 columns XC 6 columns XWP 6 columns AEV 6 columns ATH 6 columns ATL 6 columns 30ATH 6 columns 30XC

Optimization kit

QtyP/N SPE-DO60	P/N SPE-DO61
•	
6 columns C18-S, 30mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 20mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 40mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 30mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 50mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 40mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 60mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 50mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 70mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 60mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 80mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 70mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 90mg/1ml	6 columns XC, 80mg/1ml
6 columns C18-S, 100mg/1ml	















Polymer/ Silica - 96 well plate custom kits

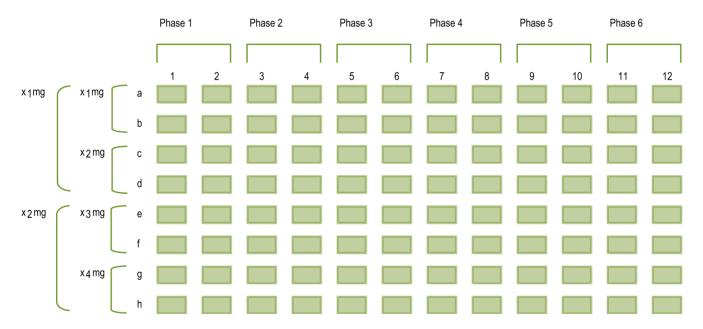
The 96 well format allows for a faster, easier process of SPE method development. Kit selection should be based upon selection of appropriate sorbent and the identification of appropriate sorbent mass per well (20 to 200 mg relative to sorbent density).

Description	P/N
96 well plate development kit	96WP-DO63191

Interchims technical center can assist with identification of your specific requirements. Plate proposals are provided within 2 working days of receiving your enquiry.

Your specified plate is supplied with a weight certificate that specifies exact sorbent mass in every well to a tolerance of +/- 1%.

E.g. 96 well-plate pharmaceutical method development



Jpti-clean™ silica media Hydrophobic & Hydrophilic	Ion Exchange & Mixed			Atoll® Polymer Hydrophobic, Hydrophilic & Mixed		
C18-S end capped	NH, weak anion exchar	nger	ATL	Medium hydrophobic		
C18U-S non-end capped	DEAE medium anion excl	hanger	XC	Strong hydrophobic, 70 µm		
CC end capped	SAX strong anion excha	anger	30XC	Strong hydrophobic, 30 µm		
RP.AQ hydrophilic	MM4 hydrophobic /weak	k anion exchanger	XWP	Strong hydrophobic, wide pore		
C8-S end capped	MM2 hydrophobic /strong	ng anion exchanger	AEV	Hydrophobic /hydrophilic		
C8U-S non-end capped	WCX weak cation exchain	anger	ATH	Medium hydrophilic, 70 µm		
CN-S Cyano	SCX strong cation excha	anger	30ATH	Medium hydrophilic, 30 µm		
PH-S Phenyl	MM3 hydrophobic /weak	k cation exchanger		, , , ,		
SI-S Silica	MM1 hydrophobic /strone	ng cation exchanger				

Interchim custom packing capabilities

Interchim's state of the art automated weight machine facilitates the custom packing of columns and multi-well plates that guarantees unprecedented accuracy (+/- 1% mass per column) compared to the commonly utilised competitor volumetric systems.

Our systems therefore raise the standards & client expectations for sample recovery /reproducibility.

Interchim is able to assist clients in identification of the necessary parameters for custom supply i.e.

- Sorbent type
- Sorbent mass
- Column, plate or container format
- Column, plate or container volume
- Frit type and porosity
- Quantity of units
- Weight certification

Considerations toward production parameters are outlined on the following page.

Proposals

Proposals are provided within 2 working days of receiving your enquiry.

This will incorporate a confidentiality agreement to maintain the integrity of both parties.

















Interchim custom packing capabilities

Sorbent considerations

A number of client enquiries are for the packing of their own sorbent or from a third party manufacturer. In such instances, sorbent type, physical characteristics and a safety data sheet need to be specified.

The Sorbent Mass is, in part, governed by the parameters of the column/ plate to be packed. The current range for this service is between 15 mg and 70 g with a +/- 1% guaranteed accuracy (according to our standard 1 ml to 150 ml containers).

Interchim's sorbent selection guide on page A.28 can assist your selection of appropriate sorbent. The guide highlights a range of ~ 50 silica or polymer based selectivities.

Sorbent columns or plates

Column

- Polypropylene straight reservoir 1 3 6 15 25 75 150 ml
- Polypropylene LRC (Large Reservoir Capacity) 15 ml
- Glass straight reservoir 6 ml

Plate

- 96 Well plates 2 ml
- 48 Well plates 5 7 ml

Frit type and porosity

- PTFE, Teflon® or glass fiber frits for polypropylene straight tubes & LRC reservoirs
- Teflon® frits for straight glass tubes
- PTFE frits for 48 & 96 plates

Miscellaneous

The packing of specialty containers are considered relative to the parameters of our packing system.



Vacuum manifold for SPE columns

Vacuum manifold systems are time saving devices for sample preparation that establish greater consistency and reproducibility.

Interchim manifolds are compatible with all Luer fitting SPE columns existing on the market and allow the simultaneous processing of 12-to-24 samples.

Units are easy to set up, with a simple vacuum adjustment. Stop cocks are installed on each path.

Vacuum pumps minimize flow problems associated with crude sample or insufficient

Vacuum manifold protocol P/N 518100

- 1. Screw the black lid of the upper part of the manifold
- 2. Introduce the plastic waste in the Glass basin
- 3. Insert collection needles on male Luer outlets under the lid
- 4. Set taps on the lids female Luer inlets
- 5. Place lid cover on the glass basin
- 6. Install SPE columns on closed taps
- 7. Close unused lids on female Luer inlets
- 8. Open vacuum on the Glass basin outlet valve
- 9. Establish SPE steps at constant flow and depression (the vacuum may be monitored with the Glass basin valve)
- Remove waste after the rinsing step & insert collection rack with glass tubes
- 11. Replace lid cover, add vacuum to Glass basin, elute to collect sample
- 12. Insert dry cover instead of the lid. re-apply vacuum
- Attach dry cover (with heated nitrogen outlet) for evaporation and sample concentration.

	12 position		16 position	1	24 position	
Description	P/N	Qty	P/N	Qty	P/N	Qty
Vacuum manifold Set-Complete	518100	u	336570	u	Q72030	u
Glass chamber	Q71530	u	Q71900	u	Q72230	u
Cover, gasket, & 12 stopcocks	Q71540	u	Q71910	u	Q72240	u
Gaskets	Q71550	2 u	Q71920	2 u	Q72250	2 u
Vacuum gauge, valve, & glass chamber	Q71560	u	Q71930	u	Q72260	u
Needles - Polypropylene	Q57820	12 u	Q71940	16 u	Q57830	24 u
Needles - Stainless Steel	Q71570	12 u	Q71950	16 u	Q72270	24 u
Collection Rack-shelves, legs, clips, & posts	Q71580	u	Q71960	u	Q72280	u
Plate - 13 mm	Q71590	u	Q71970	u	Q72290	u
Plate - volumetric flask	Q71600	u				
Plate - 16 mm test tube	Q71610	u	Q71980	u	Q72300	u
Plate - autosampler vial	Q71640	u				
Plate - dimple	Q71660	u	Q71990	u	Q72310	u
Plate - base	Q71670	u	Q72000	u	Q72320	u
Stopcocks	Q71680	12 u	Q72010	16 u	Q72330	24 u
Drying attachment	Q71690	u	Q72020	u	Q72340	u
PP vacuum waste container	Q71700	10 u				
Support posts for rack	BI4330	u	BI4340	u	BI4340	u















Vacuum manifold

Accessories

Description	P/N	Qty
Female Luer Fittings	Q72360	2 u
Male Luer Fittings	Q72370	2 u
Support posts for rack	Q72380	3 u
Legs for cover - black	Q72390	4 u
Vacuum gauge & valve assembly	Q72400	u
Valve assembly only	Q72420	u
Vacuum gauge	Q72440	u
Retaining clips	Q72450	12 u
Vacuum manifold plugs	Q72460	50 u
Glass collection tube 12 x 75 mm	CD9520	1000 u
Glass collection tube 16 x 100 mm	CD9530	1000 u

Needles and control valve

Description	P/N	Qty
Control Valve	Q72470	25 u
Control Valve	Q72471	50 u
Teflon Needles	Q72500	100 u
Teflon Needles	Q72501	500 u
Teflon Flow Needle	CD7022	100 u
Teflon Flow Needle	CD7023	500 u

Flash Purification

Vacuum manifold system - 10 position accepts large capacity columns (25, 75 & 150 ml).

Description	P/N	Qty
Flash Vacuum Manifold Set-Complete	BU3010	u
Glass chamber	BU3020	u
Cover, gasket, & 10 stopcocks	BU3030	u
Gaskets	BU3040	2 u
Vacuum gauge, valve, & glass chamber	BU3050	u
Needles - Polypropylene	BU3060	10 u
Needles - Stainless Steel	BU3070	10 u
Collection Rack-shelves, legs, clips, & posts	BU3080	u
Plate - 19 mm	BU3090	u
Plate - 25 mm	BU3100	u
Plate - dimple	BU3110	u
Plate - base	BU3120	u
Stopcocks	BU3140	10 u
Drying attachment	BU3160	u
Support posts for rack	BI4340	u

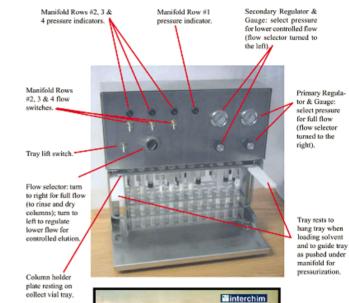


Positive pressure manifold

The positive pressure manifold provides an ultra efficient, reproducible, simple robust way to simultaneously process up to 48 samples. Individually regulated positions provide even pressure to each column. Manifolds can accommodate a large range of column sizes whilst providing an even flow for each position.

- Individually regulated positions to provide even pressure to each column.
- Four banks 12 positions each. Flow is always provided to bank one.
 User can control flow to each of the other three banks.
- Capacity 1-to-48 columns of either 1 mL, 3 mL, 6 mL, 10 mL or 15 mL.
 Switch between column sizes by using appropriate adaptor plate.
- Air Supply: N₂ or compressed air regulated to 75 psi & filtered to 10 μm.
- Dual pressure regulators allow users different pressure setting for extraction and column drying.
- Waste reservoir included that can be emptied between each waste step if required.
- Single switch raises & lowers sample racks and creates an airtight seal.

Description	P/N	Qty
Completed manifold system with 10 mL / 15 mL rack, collection rack,		
waste rack and waste bin	BY9950	1 u
10 mL & 15 mL SPE rack	CD3550	1 u
Adapter extraction plates for 1 mL columns	CD3520	1 u
Adapter extraction plates for 3 mL columns	CD3530	1 u
Adapter extraction plates for 6 mL columns	CD3540	1 u
Installation kit	CK4570	1 u
Waste rack	CD3570	1 u
Collection rack 13 x 100 mm glass tubes	CH6220	1 u
Collection rack 16 x 100 mm glass tubes	CD3560	1 u
Replacement in-line air filter	CD3580	1 u

















Universal vacuum manifold for 48 & 96 well plates

The universal well plate vacuum manifold is a versatile and effective vacuum manifold system suited to both 48 & 96 well plates for fast and efficient automated sample processing techniques.

- Filtration
- Protein crash filtration
- Solid Phase Extraction (SPE)

Description	P/N	Qty
·		•
Well plate manifold (48 &96), complete system	AN1530	1 u
24 well collection plates 10 ml	BN9650	25 u
24 well pre-pierced lid cover	CA2320	100 u
24 well collection holder	BM4880	1 u
24 well extraction holder	BM4890	1 u
24 well rack collection tubes 16 x 60 mm	CE3800	24 u
48 well collection plate 5 ml	BG7400	25 u
48 well pre-pierced lid cover	BG7410	100 u
48 well collection holder	BM4900	1 u
48 well extraction holder	BM4910	1 u
48 well rack collection tubes 11 x 60 mm	CE3790	48 u
96 well collection plates 2 ml	U90380	50 u
96 well pre-pierced lid cover	BD7730	100 u
Standard base	BM4930	1 u
Up cover	CD3250	1 u
Universal Tube	CD3270	1 u
EPDM Gasket	CD3300	1 u
Neoprene Gasket	CD3330	1 u
Wedge 12.7 mm	CD3360	1 u
Wedge 25.4 mm	CD3390	1 u
Gauge (Manometer) / Liquid trap	CD3420	1 u
48 wells manifold for 3 ml tubes without flange	CD3500	1 u
24 wells manifold for 3 ml tubes without flange	CD3510	1 u
24 well plate caps	CH6230	24 u
48 well plate caps	CH6240	48 u



[Circular flanges are necessary for 3 & 6 ml formats. A wedge can be added to tighten the upper holder higher and allows to collect sample in approp. glass tubes. 24 & 48 postion collecting plates can also be used.]

Vacuum manifold for 47 & 90 mm disc

These vacuum manifold sytems allows 47 and 90 mm membrane filtration. The KEL-F membrane holder is suited for many solvents without filtrate contamination (80°c limit).

Manifolds are available with 1, 3 or 6 independent stations with a stop valve on each path. Aluminium clamps ensure a very tight seal between loading reservoir, the base and membrane holder.

-		
Description	P/N	Qty
1 station manifold assembly (47 mm). Includes :		
1 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	BX4370	1 u
·		
1 station manifold assembly (90 mm). Includes :		
1 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	BX4380	1 u
2 station manifold assembly (47 mm) Individue :		
3 station manifold assembly (47 mm). Includes:	BX4350	1 u
3 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	DA4330	ı u
3 station manifold assembly (90 mm). Includes:		
3 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	BX4360	1 u
	271.000	
6 station manifold assembly (47 mm). Includes :		
6 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	BX2030	1 u
6 station manifold assembly (00 mm) Includes :		
6 station manifold assembly (90 mm). Includes:	BX4340	4
6 station manifold, KEL-F screen, funnel, base, clamp	DA4340	1 u
1 station manifold	BX4400	1 u
3 station manifold	BX4410	1 u
6 station manifold	BX4420	1 u
47 mm aluminum clamp	BX4430	1 u
90 mm aluminum clamp	BX4440	1 u
47 mm support base	BX4450	1 u
47 mm 300 ml funnel	BX4460	1 u
90 mm support base	BX4470	1 u
90 mm 1000 ml funnel	BX4480	1 u
47 mm KEL-F screen	BX4490	1 u
90 mm KEL-F screen	BX4500	1 u
Cartridge adaptor	BX4510	1 u
Teflon stopcocks for block manifolds	CH6260	6 u

















SPE Accessories

Polypropylene tubes

Volume	Qty	P/N
Empty column	٠.,	
1 ml	100 u	541410
4 ml	100 u	541420
8 ml	100 u	541430
15 ml	100 u	541440
25 ml	100 u	541450
75 ml	50 u	823370
150 ml	25 u	S28581
Only and the standard of the s		
Column + one polyethylene 20 µm frits	100 u	F07660
4 ml	100 u 100 u	F97660
8 ml	100 u 100 u	F97710
15 ml	100 u 100 u	F97730 F97750
25 ml	100 u 100 u	F97760
75 ml	100 u 50 u	F97780
751111	30 u	F31100
Column + one polyethylene 20 µm frits + caps		
1 ml	100 u	F97800
4 ml	100 u	F97810
8 ml	100 u	F97820
15 ml	100 u	F97830
25 ml	100 u	F97840
75 ml	50 u	F97860
Column Lana DTFF 20 cm frits Lana		
Column + one PTFE 20 µm frits + caps	100 u	F97870
4 ml	100 u	F97890
8 ml	100 u	F97900
15 ml	100 u	F97910
25 ml	100 u	F97920
75 ml	50 u	F97940
701111	00 u	107040
Column + two polyethylene 20 µm frits		
1 ml	100 u	F97960
4 ml	100 u	F97970
8 ml	100 u	F97980
15 ml	100 u	F97990
25 ml	100 u	F98000
75 ml	50 u	F98020



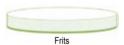


SPE Accessories

Polypropylene tubes

Volume	Porosity	Membranes	Qty	P/N		
Column + two not	Column + two polyethylene 20 µm frits					
1 ml	youngione zo p	a	100 u	F98040		
4 ml			100 u	F98050		
8 ml			100 u	F98060		
15 ml			100 u	F98070		
25 ml			100 u	F98080		
75 ml			50 u	F98100		
1/16" PE frits						
1 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	779530		
4 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	841880		
8 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	858750		
15 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	823280		
25 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	885460		
75 ml	20 µm	PE	50 u	823380		
1 ml	20 µm	PTFE	100 u	F97520		
4 ml	20 µm	PTFE	100 u	F97550		
8 ml	20 µm	PTFE	100 u	F97560		
15 ml	20 µm	PTFE	100 u	F97570		
25 ml	20 µm	PTFE	100 u	F97580		
75 ml	20 µm	PTFE	50 u	F97600		
4/011 DE 6 1/						
1/8" PE frits		5-	400			
3 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	AM2340		
8 ml	20 µm	PE 	100 u	AZ3340		
15 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	S08600		
1/8" PE frits						
25 ml	20 µm	PE	100 u	S08610		
75 ml	20 μm	PE	50 u	S08620		
150 ml	20 μm	PE	50 u	S28600		
100 1111	20 μπ	1,5	00 u	020000		
Caps						
1 ml			100 u	F97350		
4 ml			100 u	F97360		
8 ml			100 u	F97370		
15 ml			100 u	F97440		
25 ml			100 u	F97470		
75 ml			50 u	F97490		
End caps			100 u	F97510		





















SPE Accessories

Glass columns

Length: 300 mm
Internal Ø: 20.4 mm
Fitting: male Luer
Option: PTFE or PE taps



SPE column adapter

Suitable for 1, 3 and 6 ml SPE column tops with female Luer fitting

Applications:

- Increase reservoir volume that can be applied to the SPE column.
- Allow multiple selectivities when stack packed with different sorbent columns.

Uptiplate Collection Plate & Tools for Chemistry

Uptiplate collection plates are compatible with all vacuum manifolds and SPE /filtration automated systems for the collection of solvents & samples. Manufactured from high quality polymer, they are available in round or square well formats and the well bottoms have a "U" or "V" shape design for sample management.

Interchim generally recommends the square "U" shape format. The "U" format enhances sample collection whilst the square well design assists the introduction of a flexible sealing lid.





Collection plate	Well	Well bottom	Max. volume	Qty	P/N
24 well 10 ml 24 well 10 ml	Square Square	V U	10 ml 9 ml	25 u 10 u	BN9650 CA2260
24 Well 10 IIII	Square	0	3 1111	10 u	CAZZOU
48 well 5 ml	Square	V	5 ml	25 u	BG7400
48 well 7,5 ml	Square	V	7,3 ml	30 u	BG7430
96 well 2 ml	Square	V	2,1 ml	50 u	U90380
96 well 1 ml	Square	U	1 ml	50 u	U90370
96 well 350 µl	Square	U	350 µl	50 u	U90360
96 well 1,3 ml	Square	V	1,35 ml	25 u	BN1940
96 well 1 ml	Round	U	1 ml	50 u	U90350
384 well 150 µl	Square	V	160 µl	25 u	BD3390
384 well 50 µl	Square	U	55 µl	60 u	BM4970
384 well 50 µl	Square	U	55 µl	30 u	BM4971





SPE Accessories

Uptiplate soft cover

Uptiplate soft covers maintain sample integrity during delivery and storage. They are compatible with all collection plates on the market.

Pre-pierced covers are available to avoid needle clogging during automated analysis.

Santoprene is currently the soft cover of choice exhibiting a chemical resistance similar to Neoprene. They are not compatible with chlorinated or aromatic solvents such as Benzene, CCI₄,CHCI₂, CHCI₃, CH₂CI, Chlorobenzene, Cyclohexane, Toluene, Xylene. In such instances Teflon /Silicone lids are usually more suitable.

Collection plate	Well bottom	Pierceable	Nature	Qty	P/N
24 well	Square	Yes	Santoprene	100 u	CA2320
48 well 48 well	Square Square	Yes No	Santoprene Santoprene	100 u 100 u	BG7410 BG7420
96 well	Square	Yes	Santoprene	100 u	BD7730
96 well 96 well	Square Square	Yes Yes	Santoprene Teflon /Silicone	50 u 20 u	BD7731 CD9840
96 well 96 well	Square Square	No No	Santoprene Santoprene	100 u 50 u	AP3131 AP3130
96 well	Round Round	No Yes	Elastomer Silicone encased Teflon	50 u 50 u	BB2740 CD9490
96 well	Round	Yes	Teflon /Silicone	20 u	CD9510
384 well	Square	Yes	Silicone encased Teflon	30 u	CD9500



96 Vial plates

96 Vial plates are polymer based holders for type 1 borosilicate glass collection vials. They are compatible with all solvents and facilitate the collection of samples after filtration or extraction to 380 µm.

An elastomer coated PTFE soft cover is inserted on every vial for sample delivery & storage. This is easily achieved with a Mat Capper. Vials can be directly accessed with a syringe. A knife can be used to access one or several closed vials.

Description	Qty	P/N
Plate + 96 vials	5 u	863610
Glass vials	500 u	863620
Soft cover	5 u	863640
Cutter	1 u	863660
Mat Capper	1 u	AL5880















Tools for Chemistry

Tools for Chemistry

Uptiplate solvent storage plates

Polypropylene reagent reservoirs are generally used for reagent & solvent storage. They are suitable for a number of liquid handling configurations, from 8 or 12 channel pipettes, to 96 or 384 pipette tip heads.

Plate wells have a pyramid construction to reduce dead volume. Suited to any robotic system.

Description	Qty	P/N
Uptiplate solvent storage		
24 square well - 7,5 ml PP	30 u	BG7430
96 square well - 0,7 ml PP - Flat Bottom	50 u	CD2210
96 square well - 1,5 ml PP - Flat Bottom	50 u	CD9810
Universal lid - Robotic - Polystyrene - 127,8 x 85,5 mm	100 u	BU4410
Universal lid - Polystyrene - 127 x 84,7 mm	100 u	BV0090
Reservoir Baffle 105,7 x 69,7 mm	10 u	CA2280
Low Profile - PP - Flat Bottom	25 u	BM4550
	25 u 25 u 25 u	BM8790 BM8730 BM8780
PP - 8 Row - Pyramid Bottom - 4,4 cm height	25 u	BM8730
PP - 8 Row - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 1,9 cm height		
PP - 12 columns - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 1,9 cm height	25 u	BJ9450
PP - 12 columns - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 4,4 cm height	25 u	BJ0870
PP - 2 x 12 columns - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 1,9 cm height - 3,5 ml max vol.	25 u	CA2170
PP - 16 Row - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 1,9 cm height	25 u	BM8830
PP - 24 columns - Pyramid Bottom - Low Profile - 1,9 cm height	25 u	BM8860
PP - 4 columns + Reservoir equivalent to 20 columns - Pyramid Bottom Low Profile - 1,9 cm height	25 u	BM8760
PP - 4 columns - Pyramid Bottom - 73 ml max vol. per well	25 u	CG7170





UptiTip™ - Microvolume preparation

Micro Extraction - UptiTip™

UptiTip™ pipette tips are for the management of very small (0.1 µl) sample volumes and are an excellent alternative to packed cartridges.

UptiTip™ Coated

UptiTip™ coated pipette tips are chemically activated with a range of SPE media for ultra-efficient clean-up of small sample volumes.

Features:

- Faster sample preparation with reduced sample loss
- Maximised surface area-to-sample for ultra-efficient clean-up
- Direct coating removes potential sample contamination from the support
- Sample volumes as small as 0.1 µl
- Available in volumes of : 0.1-10 μl and 10-200 μl

Applications:

- Desalting
- MALDI
- Mass spectroscopy
- Electrophoresis
- Protein purification
- ◀ HPCE, HPLC, CEC

UptiTip™ Packed

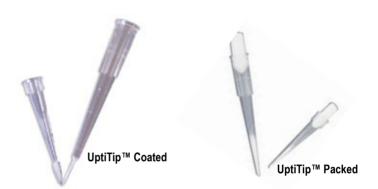
UptiTipTM capped tips are filled with a range of activated sorbents for a variety of selectivities. The fine slit on the tip bottom (1-2 μ m) allows liquid to pass through whilst chromatographic material (20-30 μ m diameter) is retained.

No filter is required so dead volume is minimal.

The UptiTip™ can also be used as centrifugal spin column. Centrifuge adaptors are provided.

Features:

- Faster sample preparation with minimal sample loss
- Sample volumes as small as 0.1 µl
- Available in volumes of : 0.1-10 μl and 10-200 μl



	UptiTip™ -	Coated*	UptiTip™-P	acked*
Media	1-10 µl	10-200 µl	1-10 µl	10-200 µl
C-18 C-08 C-04 Carbon HILIC HILIC SDS Removal PolyCAT A SDS-Removal TiO ₂ ZrO ₂	BI5010 BI5030 BI5050 BV7460 CC6880 BI5100 BI5120 BI5150 BH3750 BH3730	BI5020 BI5040 BI5060 BV7470 CC6890 BI5110 BI5130 BI1130 BH3760 BH3740	BI5270 BI5290 BI5310 BU3190 CH7060 BI5390 BI5410 BI5440 BT3530 CA8260	BI5280 BI5300 BI5320 BU3210 CH7070 BI5400 BI5420 BI5450 BU3630 BX5810
Affinity Media Silica IMAC Ni IMAC Fe Protein A Protein G Lectin ConA Lectin WGA Trypsin Streptavidin	BI5170 BI5190 CA8080 BI5210 BH3770 CH5900	BI5180 BI5200 CH7580 BI5220	BI5460 BI5480 CA8100 BI5510 BI5540 BJ3650 BJ3780 BI5570	BI5470 BI5500 CH7490 BI5520 BI5560 BJ3770 BJ3790 BI5580















On-line extraction

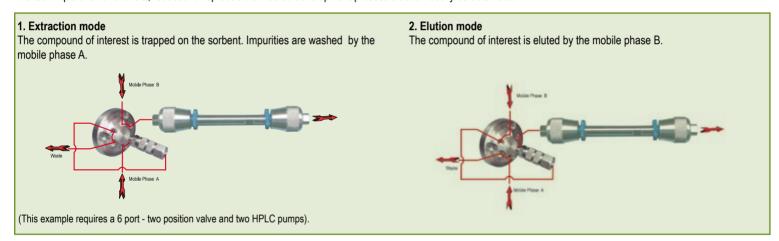
Upti-trap™ On-line extraction

Upti-trap™ ensures extraction and /or sample pre-concentration, prior to HPLC injection.

Upti-trap™ units are available either in 15 x 4.0 mm or 15 x 2.1 mm configurations. The loading capacity for a 15 x 4.0 mm unit is approximately 8 to 12 mg whilst the 15 x 2.1 mm unit is approximately 1.5 to 3 mg.

The speed and efficiency of Upti-trap™ make this an excellent device for medicinal research & DMPK Labs whilst Upti-traps™ pre-concentration characteristics make it suitable to environmental applications.

This technique allows for a fast, robust and reproducible method development process that can easily be automated.



A 10 port, 2 position valve increases productivity as one sample can be extracted while the other is analyzed.

Sorbent	Functionality /comment	Particle size	P/N 15 x 4,0 mm	P/N 15 x 2,1 mm
Upti-clean™ C18	C18 end-capped	50 µm	U25750	U25840
Upti-clean™ C8	C18 end-capped	50 μm	BG6090	CE0580
Upti-clean™ RPAQ	C18 100% hydrophile	75 µm	U25760	U25850
Upti-clean™ NH。	Amino	50 µm	BV3700	BV3720
Upti-clean™ SCX	Strong cation exchange	60 µm	U25770	U25860
Upti-clean™ SAX	Strong anion exchange	60 µm	BB8650	BG6950
Upti-clean™ MM1	RP / Strong cation exchange	60 µm	U25780	U25870
Atoll™ XC	Hydrophobic	30 µm	U70480	U70500
Atoll™ ATH	Hydrophilic	30 µm	CE0560	CE0590
AtoII™ AEV	Hydrophilic /Hydrophobic	75 µm	U25820	U25910
Atoll™ ATL	Hydrophobic	75 µm	U25800	U25890
AtoII™ XWP	Hydrophobic	90 µm	BU5550	BU5560







United Chemical Technologies (UCT) product guide



CLEAN SCREEN®

Drugs of Abuse Columns

- DAU = Acidic, Basic & Neutral Drugs
- THC = Carboxy THC
- THCA = THC Δ9 Carboxylic Acid
- GHB = Gamma-Hydroxybutyrate
- ETG = Ethyl Glucuronide
- BNZ = Benzodiazepine
- CLEAN-THRU® Tips







CLEAN-UP®

Solid Phase Extraction Columns

- Ion Exchange
- Hydrophobic
- Hydrophilic
- Copolymeric
- Covalent



STYRE SCREEN®

Polymeric Based Columns

- DBX = Copolymeric
- DVB = Divinylbenzene
- BCX = Benzenesulfonic Acid
- C18 = Octadecyl C18
- CCX = Carboxylic Acid
- QAX = Quaternary Amine



ENVIRO-CLEAN®

- Products
- Environmental SPE Cartridge
- SPE Inert Glass Syringe Barrels















UCT product guide

First of its kind in the field of forensic and clinical toxicology!

The recently published Forensic and Clinical Applications of Solid Phase Extraction, by Michael J. Telepchak, Thomas August and Glynn Chaney, has been met with enthusiasm by those in the SPE field, and has been recommended as a valuable laboratory reference. Dr. Terry Danielson, Ph.D., who reviewed the book for the American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors, calls attention to the "extensive details of many currently available SPE separation procedures", and describes the book as a convenient compendium of SPE technology, and is relevant to the development, implementation and practice of modern SPE appropriate to students, and experienced practitioners."

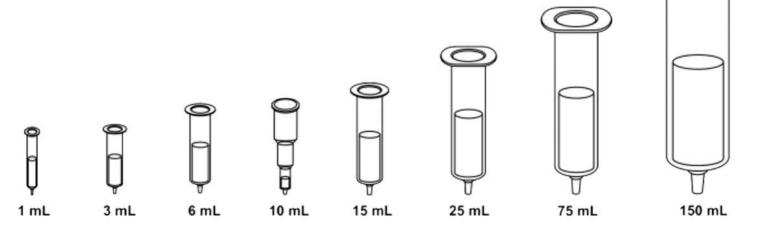
In the Canadian Society of Forensic Science Journal, Dr. Karen Woodall, Ph.D., of the Toronto Centre of Forensic Sciences, calls the book a "must read" for anyone interested in SPE, especially helpful in resolving the day-to-day problems that can occur when using [SPE] and gives some excellent examples of how to deal with some of these occurrences such as recovery variability, contamination, flow, and non-extraction problems."

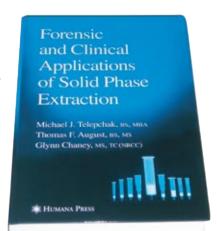
BOOK "FORENSIC AND CLINICAL APPLICATIONS OF SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION"

P/N: ZZ3801

Reservoirs for Bonded Phase Extractions

Stated Volume (mL)	Tube Configuration	Bed Diameter (mm)	Sorbent Mass (mg)
1	Cylindrical	5.5	50-200
3	Cylindrical	8.5	50-1000
6	Cylindrical	12.5	200-2000
10	Expanded	8.5	50-1000
15	Cylindrical	15.5	500-2000
25	Cylindrical	20	500-5000
75	Cylindrical	27.5	1000-10000
150	Cylindrical	38.0	10000-70000







UCT Clean Screen® columns

Copolymeric bonded phases for drug abuse testing

Analytical demand for more efficient, robust and clean extraction of drugs from biological matrices led to the development of Clean Screen® sorbents. Since 1986, Clean Screen® has led the industry with dependable and reproducible Solid Phase Extraction products and applications. Clean Screen phases are true copolymeric sorbents that contain hydrophobic and ion exchange functional groups uniquely polymerized to a silica substrate. The design and quality of Clean Screen provides superior sample clean up, recovery and reproducibility.

Mixed mode separations allow maximum selectivity for extraction of acids, neutrals and bases. This selectivity makes Clean Screen ideal for both screening and confirmation analysis for virtually all drug categories. Clean Screen DAU, THC, and GHB columns are used extensively by forensic and clinical chemists including:

- Post Mortem Investigations
- · Criminal Investigations
- Urine Drug Testing
- · Athletic Drug Testing
- Racing Laboratories
- . Therapeutic Drug Monitoring
- · Medical Drug Screening

Recent additions to this product line include Clean Screen® Ethyl Glucuronide and Clean Screen® Benzodiazepines.

Mechanism of Clean Screen®

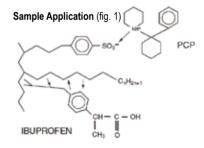
Carboxylic acid functionalities present in the sample are ionized. This creates a repulsion between the column and many sample borne interferences, thereby reducing the likelihood of their adsorbing onto the column.

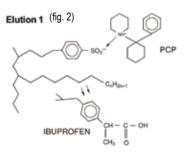
At this pH, ibuprofen & barbiturates are not ionized and are hydrophobically adsorbed onto the column (figure 1). At the same time, drugs with amine functionalities such as cocaine and phencyclidine adsorb onto the column via both hydrophobic and ionic attraction (fig. 1).

The column can then be washed with water or weak aqueous buffers at or below pH 6 without risking loss of the analytes. After drying the column, it is possible to elute the hydrophobically bound analytes using solvents of minimal polarity such as methylene chloride or a hexane/ethyl acetate mixture (fig. 2). Cationic analytes will remain bound to the column. Many compounds of intermediate polarity and potential interferences will also remain on the column. The majority of these potential interferences can be removed by using a methanol wash.





















The state of

Sample Prep - Solid Phase Extraction

UCT Clean Screen® columns

Cationic analytes bound to the column can be eluted after another drying step. The drying steps are necessary to remove water which would have prevented the waterimmiscible elution solvents from optimally interacting with the analytes (fig. 3).

$$C_nH_{2n+1}$$
 C_1H_{2n}
 C_2
 C_3
 C_4
 $C_$

To elute the cationic analytes, an organic solution with a high pH (between 11 & 12) should be used. A methylene chloride isopropanolammonium hydroxide mixture will simultaneously disrupt these ionic interactions and successfully elute the desired compound (fig. 4).

Elution 2 C,H₂₋₁ (fig. 4)

Clean Screen® DAU

This column is copolymerized on a rigid, purified silica gel support. The two functional groups include a reverse phase, and an ion exchanger, benzenesulfonic acid. This column is commonly used for analyzing a wide range of drugs of abuse, including acidic, basic & neutral drugs.

Application: Dual functionality for weak bases and hydrophobic compounds.

P/N	Weight /Vol.	Qty
CSDAU131	130 mg/1 mL	100
CSDAU133	130 mg/3 mL	50
CSDAU203	200 mg/3 mL	50
CSDAU303	300 mg/3 mL	50
CSDAU503	500 mg/3 mL	50
CSDAU206	200 mg/6 mL	50
CSDAU506	500 mg/6 mL	50
CSDAU1M6	1 g/6 mL	30
ZSDAU005	50 mg/10 mL	50
ZSDAU013	130 mg/10 mL	50
ZSDAU020	200 mg/10 mL	50
CSDAU515	500 mg/15 mL	50

Clean Screen® THC

This column is copolymerized on a rigid, purified silica gel support. The two functional groups include a reverse phase, and an ion exchanger, primary amine. This column is commonly used for analyzing THC and its metabolites.

Application: Dual functionality for acids and hydrophobic compounds.

P/N	Weight /Vol.	Qty
CSTHC131	130 mg/1 mL	100
CSTHC203	200 mg/3 mL	50
CSTHC303	300 mg/3 mL	50
CSTHC503	500 mg/3 mL	50
CSTHC206	200 mg/6 mL	50
CSTHC506	500 mg/6 mL	50
CSTHC1M6	1 g/6 mL	30
ZSTHC013	130 mg/10 mL	50
ZSTHC020	200 mg/10 mL	50
CSTHC515	500 mg/15 mL	50

Clean Screen® GHB

The small polar nature of the molecule and the lack of a UV chromatophore complicate the chromatographic and spectrophotometric analysis of GHB. Chemically, GHB is unstable and readily forms Gamma-butyrolactone when heated in acid conditions. Most analytical methods are based upon the interconversion to the lactone and chemical derivatization to form the TMS derivative. This column is for the extraction of free GHB.

P/N	Weight /Vol.	Qty
CSGHB203	200 mg/3 mL	50
ZSGHB020	200 mg/10 mL	50
ZCGHB020	200 mg/10 mL	50





UCT Clean-Up® columns

Hydrophobic Extraction Columns

This sorbent is composed of a silica backbone bonded with hydrocarbon chains. It is used to extract compounds which exhibit non-polar or neutral characteristics out of complex matrices. The C18 phase is the most widely used for non-polar interactions because of its nonselective nature; C18 will extract a large number of compounds with differing chemical properties. To enchance selectivity, UCT offers a wide range of hydrophobic sorbents, from C2 to C20. Multiple chain configurations are available for some sorbents. Endcapped or unendcapped sorbents are available for all chain lengths.



Compounds are retained by non-polar interactions from polar solvents or matrix environments. They are bound by dispersion forces / van der Waals forces. Elution, or disruption of the non-polar interactions is achieved by solvents or solvent mixtures with sufficient non-polar character. Some polar solvents, such as acetonitrile have enough non-polar characteristics to disrupt non-polar binding to cause elution of a compound from the sorbent. Methanol can be used as well, although it should be noted that it will take off both polar & non-polar analytes of interest & interferences.

Unendcapped vs. Endcapped

Bonded phases are manufactured by the reaction of organosilanes with activated silica. During the polymerization reaction of carbon chains to the silica backbone, a very stable silyl ether linkage forms. Our unendcapped columns allow hydroxyl sites to remain, thus making these columns slightly hydrophilic. In order to decrease this slight polarity, these hydroxyl sites are deactivated. Proprietary bonding techniques ensure that these sites are 100% reacted, leading to a complete endcapping. Because there are no hydroxyl sites left, our endcapped columns are more hydrophobic than our unendcapped columns.



Example of Hydrophobic Bonding

Functionalized hydrophobic silica based phases

Sorbent Product co		Structure	% Carbon
C2 ethyl	C02	-SiCH2CH3	6.60
C3 propyl	C03	-Si-(CH2)2CH3	7.60
C4 n-butyl	Cn4	-Si-(CH2)3CH3	8.50
Ci4 isobutyl	Ci4	-Si-CH2CH(CH3)	8.80
Ct4 tertiary butyl	Ct4	-Si-C(CH3)3	8.50
C5 pentyl	C05	-Si-(CH2)4CH3	9.50
C6 hexyl	C06	-Si-(CH2)5CH3	11.00
C7 heptyl	C07	-Si-(CH2)6CH3	11.00
C8 octyl	C08	-Si-(CH2)7CH3	11.10
C10 decyl	C10	-Si-(CH2)9CH3	15.70
C12 dodecyl	C12	-Si-(CH2)11CH3	not tested
C18 octadecyl	C18	-Si-(CH2)17CH3	21.70
C20 eicosyl	C20	-Si-(CH2)19CH3	24.30
C30 tricontyl	C30	-Si-(CH2)29CH3	26.00
Cyclohexyl	CYH1	-Si-(CH)	11.60
Phenyl	PHY1	-Si-(PH)	11.00















UCT Clean-Up® columns

Weight/Vol.	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Qty
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 100mg/3mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	C2, Ethyl	CEC021L1 CEC02111 CEC02113 CEC02123 CEC02153 CEC02156 CEC021M6 CEC0211Z CEC0212Z CEC0215Z	CUC021L1 CUC02111 CUC02113 CUC02123 CUC02153 CUC02156 CUC021M6 CUC0211Z CUC0212Z CUC0215Z	C4, n-Butyl*	CECN41L1 CECN4113 CECN4123 CECN4153 CECN4156 CECN41M6 CECN411Z CECN412Z CECN415Z	CUCN41L1 CUCN4111 CUCN4113 CUCN4123 CUCN4153 CUCN4156 CUCN41M6 CUCN411Z CUCN412Z CUCN415Z	C6, Hexyl	CEC061L1 CEC06111 CEC06113 CEC06123 CEC06153 CEC06156 CEC061M6 CEC0611Z CEC0612Z CEC0615Z	CUC061L1 CUC06111 CUC06113 CUC06123 CUC06153 CUC06156 CUC061M6 CUC0611Z CUC0612Z CUC0615Z	100 100 50 50 50 50 50 30 50 50
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 100mg/3mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	C3, Propyl	CECN31L1 CECN3111 CECN3113 CECN3123 CECN3153 CECN3156 CECN3117 CECN311Z CECN312Z CECN315Z	CUCN31L1 CUCN3111 CUCN3113 CUCN3123 CUCN3153 CUCN3156 CUCN311M6 CUCN311Z CUCN311Z CUCN312Z CUCN315Z	C5, Pentyl	CEC051L1 CEC05111 CEC05113 CEC05123 CEC05153 CEC05156 CEC05116 CEC0511Z CEC0512Z CEC0515Z	CUC051L1 CUC05111 CUC05113 CUC05123 CUC05153 CUC05156 CUC051M6 CUC0511Z CUC0511Z CUC0515Z	C7, Heptyl	CEC071L1 CEC07111 CEC07113 CEC07123 CEC07153 CEC07156 CEC07117 CEC0711Z CEC0712Z CEC0715Z	CUC071L1 CUC07111 CUC07113 CUC07123 CUC07153 CUC07156 CUC071M6 CUC0711Z CUC0712Z CUC0715Z	100 100 50 50 50 50 50 30 50 50

^{*}Available on request C4 Isobutyl and C4 Tertiary Butyl

Weight/Vol.	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Qty
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 100mg/3mL 200mg/3mL	C8, Octyl	CEC081L1 CEC08111 CEC08113 CEC08123	CUC081L1 CUC08111 CUC08113 CUC08123	C12, nDodecyl	CEC121L1 CEC12111 CEC12113 CEC12123	CUC121L1 CUC12111 CUC12113 CUC12123	Cyclohexyl	CECYH1L1 CECYH111 CECYH113 CECYH123	CUCYH1L1 CUCYH111 CUCYH113 CUCYH123	100 100 50 50
500mg/3mL		CEC08153	CUC08153		CEC12153	CUC12153		CECYH153	CUCYH153	50
500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL		CEC08156 CEC081M6 CEC0811Z CEC0812Z CEC0815Z	CUC08156 CUC081M6 CUC0811Z CUC0812Z CUC0815Z		CEC12156 CEC121M6 CEC1211Z CEC1212Z CEC1215Z	CUC12156 CUC121M6 CUC1211Z CUC1212Z CUC1215Z		CECYH156 CECYH1M6 CECYH11Z CECYH12Z CECYH15Z	CUCYH156 CUCYH1M6 CUCYH11Z CUCYH12Z CUCYH15Z	50 30 50 50 50
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 100mg/3mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	C10, nDecy	CEC101L1 CEC10111 CEC10113 CEC10123 CEC10153 CEC10156 CEC101M6 CEC1011Z CEC1012Z CEC1015Z	CUC101L1 CUC10111 CUC10113 CUC10123 CUC10153 CUC10156 CUC101M6 CUC1011Z CUC1011Z CUC1012Z CUC1015Z	C18, Octadecyl	CEC181L1 CEC18113 CEC18123 CEC18153 CEC18156 CEC181M6 CEC1811Z CEC1812Z CEC1815Z	CUC181L1 CUC18111 CUC18113 CUC18123 CUC18153 CUC18156 CUC181M6 CUC1811Z CUC1812Z	Phenyl	CEPHY1L1 CEPHY111 n.a. CEPHY123 CEPHY153 CEPHY156 CEPHY1M6 CEPHY11Z CEPHY12Z CEPHY15Z	CUPHY1L1 CUPHY111 n.a. CUPHY123 CUPHY153 CUPHY156 CUPHY1M6 CUPHY11Z CUPHY12Z CUPHY15Z	100 100 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50



UCT Clean-Up® columns

Hydrophilic Normal Phase Columns

This sorbent is composed of a silica backbone bonded with carbon chains containing polar functional groups. Groups which will possess such polarity include amines, hydroxyls and carbonyls.

Functionalized hydrophilic silica based phases

Sorbent	Product code	Structure	% Carbon
Silica	SIL1	-SiOH	N/A
Diol	DOL1	-Si-(CH2)3OCH2CHOHCH2OH	8.00
Cyanopropyl	CNP1	-Si-(CH2)3CN	6.90
Florisil®	FLS		N/A
Alumina, Acidic	ALA		N/A
Alumina, Neutral	ALN		N/A
Alumina, Basic	ALB		N/A
Carbon	CARB		N/A

Mechanism of hydrophilic bonding

Compounds are retained on hydrophilic sorbents through polar interactions including hydrogen bonding, pi-pi or dipole-dipole interaction. These types of interactions occur when a distribution of electrons between individual atoms in functional groups is unequal, causing negative and positive polarity. Compounds typically extracted on a hydrophilic column include analytes which have polar groups, including amines, hydroxyls and carbonyls. Elution is performed by strong polar solvents.

Example of Hydrophilic Bonding

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Qty
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	Unbonded Silica	CUSIL1L1 CUSIL111 CUSIL123 CUSIL153 CUSIL156 CUSIL1M6 CUSIL11Z CUSIL11Z CUSIL12Z CUSIL15Z	Florisil [®]	CUFLS1L1 CUFLS111 CUFLS123 CUFLS153 CUFLS156 CUFLS1M6 CUFLS11Z CUFLS11Z CUFLS15Z	Alumina, Acidic	CUALA1L1 CUALA123 CUALA153 CUALA156 CUALA1M6 CUALA11Z CUALA11Z CUALA12Z CUALA15Z	Alumina, Basic	CUALB1L1 CUALB111 CUALB123 CUALB153 CUALB156 CUALB1M6 CUALB11Z CUALB12Z CUALB15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	Alumina, neutral	CUALN1L1 CUALN111 CUALN123 CUALN153 CUALN156 CUALN1M6 CUALN11Z CUALN11Z CUALN12Z CUALN15Z	CN, Cyanopropyl Endcapped	CECNP1L1 CECNP111 CECNP123 CECNP153 CECNP156 CECNP1M6 CECNP11Z CECNP12Z CECNP15Z	CN, Cyanopropyl Unendcapped	CUCNP1L1 CUCNP111 CUCNP123 CUCNP153 CUCNP156 CUCNP1M6 CUCNP11Z CUCNP12Z CUCNP15Z	Diol	CUDOL1L1 CUDOL111 CUDOL123 CUDOL153 CUDOL156 CUDOL1M6 CUDOL11Z CUDOL12Z CUDOL15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50















UCT Clean-Up® columns

Ion Exchange extraction columns

This sorbent is composed of a silica backbone bonded with a carbon chain terminated by a negatively or positively charged functional group. Ion exchange interactions occur between a sorbent that carries a charge and a compound of opposite charge. This electrostatic interaction is reversible by neutralizing the sorbent and/or analyte. Ion exchange bonds can also be disrupted by introduction of a "counter ion" to compete with the analyte for binding sites on the sorbent.

P Examp	ole of Anion Exchange Binding
Orbent Compound	
	Example of Cation Exchange Binding

Sorbent	Code	Structure	Pka	% Carbon	meq /g
Aminopropyl (1° amine)	NAX1	-Si-(CH2)3NH2	9.8	6.65	0.310
N-2 Aminoethyl (1° & 2° amine)	PSA1	-Si-(CH2)3NH(CH2)2NH2	10.1, 10.9	9.70	0.320
Diethylamino (3° amine)	DAX1	-Si-(CH2)3N(CH2CH3)2	10.6	8.40	0.280
Quaternary Amine Chloride	QAX1	-Si-(CH2)3N+(CH3)3 CI-	always charged	8.40	0.250
Quaternary Amine Hydroxide	CHQAX1	-Si-(CH2)3N+(CH3)3 CH3CO2-	always charged	8.40	0.250
Quaternary Amine Acetate	CAQAX1	-Si-(CH2)3N+(CH3)3 OH-	always charged	8.40	0.250
Quaternary Amine Formate	CFQAX1	-Si-(CH2)3N+(CH3)3 CHO2-	always charged	8.40	0.250
Cation Exchange					
Carboxylic Acid	CCX1	-Si-CH2COOH	4.8	9.10	0.170
Propylsulfonic Acid	PCX1	-Si-(CH2)3SO3H	<1	7.10	0.180
Benzenesulfonic Acid	BCX1	-Si-(CH2)2-(PH)-SO3H	always charged	11.00	0.320
Benzenesulfonic Acid High Load	BCXHL1	-Si-(CH2)2-(PH)-SO3H	always charged	15.00	0.650

Mechanism of Ion Exchange bonding

Compounds are retained on the sorbent through ionic bonds. Therefore, it is essential that the sorbent and the analyte to be extracted are charged. Generally, the number of molecules with charged cationic groups increases at pH values below the molecules pKa value. The number of molecules with charged anionic groups decreases at pH values below the molecule's pKa value. To ensure 99% or more ionization, the pH should be at least two pH units below the pKa of the cation and two pH units above the pKa of the anion. Elution occurs by using a solvent to raise the pH above the pKa of the cationic group or to lower the pH below the pKa of the anion to disrupt retention. At this point, the sorbent or compound will be neutralized.

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Qty
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	Aminopropyl	CUNAX1L1 CUNAX111 CUNAX123 CUNAX153 CUNAX156 CUNAX1M6 CUNAX11Z CUNAX12Z CUNAX15Z	"PSA N-2 Aminoethyl"	CUPSA1L1 CUPSA111 CUPSA123 CUPSA153 CUPSA156 CUPSA1M6 CUPSA11Z CUPSA12Z CUPSA15Z	Diethylamino	CUDAX1L1 CUDAX111 CUDAX123 CUDAX153 CUDAX156 CUDAX1M6 CUDAX11Z CUDAX12Z CUDAX15Z	"Quaternary Amine with Chloride Counter Ion**"	CUQAX1L1 CUQAX111 CUQAX123 CUQAX153 CUQAX156 CUQAX1M6 CUQAX11Z CUQAX12Z CUQAX15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50
50mg/1mL 100mg/1mL 200mg/3mL 500mg/3mL 500mg/6mL 1g/6mL 100mg/10mL 200mg/10mL 500mg/10mL	Carboxylic Acid	CUCCX1L1 CUCCX111 CUCCX123 CUCCX153 CUCCX156 CUCCX1M6 CUCCX11Z CUCCX12Z CUCCX15Z	Propyl sulfonic Acid	CUPCX1L1 CUPCX111 CUPCX123 CUPCX153 CUPCX156 CUPCX1M6 CUPCX11Z CUPCX12Z CUPCX15Z	Benzene- -sulfonic Acid	CUBCX1L1 CUBCX111 CUBCX123 CUBCX153 CUBCX156 CUBCX1M6 CUBCX11Z CUBCX12Z CUBCX15Z	Benzene- -sulfonic Acid High Load	CUBCX1H1L1 CUBCX1HL11 CUBCX1HL23 CUBCX1HL53 CUBCX1HL56 CUBCX1HLM6 CUBCX1HLM2 CUBCX1HL1Z CUBCX1HL2Z CUBCX1HL5Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50

^{**}Available with Acetate , Hydroxide & Formate Counter Ion





UCT Clean-Up® columns

Copolymeric Extraction columns

(ion Exchange + hydrophobicity)

This sorbent is composed of a silica backbone with two types of functional chains attached - an ion exchanger or polar chain and a hydrophobic carbon chain. Our copolymeric phases are produced in a way to allow for equal parts of each functional group to attach to the silica backbone. This copolymerization technique yields reproducible bonded phases and unique copolymeric chemistries which allow the controlled use of mixed mode separation mechanisms. This type of dual chemistry is beneficial especially when one is looking for both a neutral & charged compound. This is common when a neutral parent drug metabolizes and becomes a charged compound.



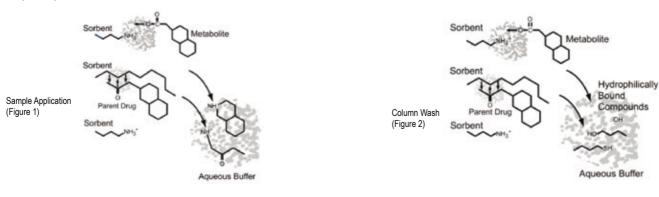
Functionalized mixed mode silica based phases

Sorbent	Product code	Structure	% Carbon	meq/g
Aminopropyl + C8	NAX2	-Si-(CH2)3NH2 & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	12.3	0.163
Quaternary Amine + C8	QAX2	-Si-(CH2)3N+(CH3)3 & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	13.60	0.160
Carboxylic Acid + C8	CCX2	-Si-CH2COOH & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	12.50	0.105
Propylsulfonic Acid + C8	PCX2	-Si-(CH2)3SO3H & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	14.62	0.114
Benzenesulfonic Acid + C8	BCX2	-Si-(CH2)2-(PH)-SO3H & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	12.30	0.072
Cyanopropyl + C8	CNP2	-Si-(CH2)3CN & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	14.60	0.163
Cyclohexyl + C8	CYH2	-Si-(PH) & -Si-(CH2)7CH3	N/A	N/A

Example of Copolymeric Bonding

Mechanism of mixed mode bonding

Using a sample composed of a theoretical neutral parent drug and its charged (acidic) metabolite, it is applied at a pH of 6 (figure 1). At this pH, many amine groups are positively charged. Since the column is also positively charged, compounds with this chemistry (cations) are repelled. Depending on the pKa of the metabolite, carboxylic acid groups may be negatively charged, allowing the metabolite to bond to the positively charged sorbent. Since the column also possesses a hydrophobic chain, the neutral parent drug also bonds to the column. Water or a weak aqueous buffer (pH6) washes away hydrophilically bound interferences (figure 2). The column is then dried, careful to free the column of any residual aqueous phase that would interfere with elution.









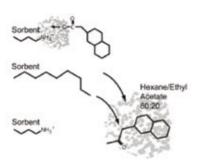




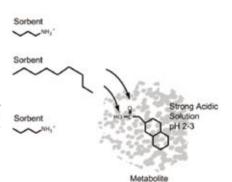


UCT Clean-Up® columns

Elution 1 (Figure 3) The hydrophobically bound neutral parent drug is eluted with a solvent of minimal polarity, such as hexane/ ethyl acetate - 80:20.



Elution 2 (Figure 4) The final elution employs an acid to neutralize the charge of acidic analytes. lonic interaction is released, and analytes are eluted in an appropriate solvent mixture.



Parent Dr	

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Qty
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1 g/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL	Hydrophobic plus Propylsulfonic Acid	CUPCX2L1 CUPCX211 CUPCX223 CUPCX253 CUPCX256 CUPCX2M6 CUPCX21Z CUPCX22Z CUPCX25Z	Hydrophobic plus Carboxylic Acid	CUCCX2L1 CUCCX211 CUCCX223 CUCCX253 CUCCX256 CUCCX2M6 CUCCX21Z CUCCX22Z CUCCX25Z	Hydrophobic plus Benzene- -sulfonic Acid	CUBCX2L1 CUBCX211 CUBCX223 CUBCX253 CUBCX256 CUBCX2M6 CUBCX21Z CUBCX22Z CUBCX25Z	Octadecyl plus Benzene- -sulfonic Acid	CUBCX3L1 CUBCX311 CUBCX323 CUBCX353 CUBCX356 CUBCX3M6 CUBCX31Z CUBCX32Z CUBCX35Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1 g/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL	Hydrophobic plus N-2 Aminoethyl	CUPSA2L1 CUPSA211 CUPSA223 CUPSA253 CUPSA256 CUPSA2M6 CUPSA21Z CUPSA21Z CUPSA25Z	Octadecyl plus N-2 Aminoethyl	CUPSA3L1 CUPSA311 CUPSA323 CUPSA353 CUPSA356 CUPSA3M6 CUPSA31Z CUPSA32Z CUPSA35Z	Hydrophobic plus Quaternary Amine	CUQAX2L1 CUQAX211 CUQAX223 CUQAX253 CUQAX256 CUQAX2M6 CUQAX21Z CUQAX21Z CUQAX25Z	Hydrophobic plus Aminopropyl	CUNAX2L1 CUNAX211 CUNAX223 CUNAX253 CUNAX256 CUNAX2M6 CUNAX21Z CUNAX21Z CUNAX25Z	100 100 50 50 50 50 30 50 50

Sample Prep - Solid Phase Extraction UCT Styre Screen® Polymeric Resign columns

Styre Screen® extraction columns contain an ultra clean, highly cross-linked styrene and divinylbenzene copolymer sorbent that is functionalized with both a reverse phase, hydrophobic component and a strong cation exchanger. High & reproducible recoveries for acidic, neutral and basic compounds are achievable with a single column. The Styre Screen® particles have an average particle size of 30 microns and a very high analyte capacity making them ideal for standard solid phase extraction applications. The increased analyte capacity means that less sorbent bed mass is needed which results in faster flow rates and less solvent use. Higher throughput and less solvent waste disposal translate into significant savings in both time and money. In addition, no conditioning steps are required for most drugs of abuse applications.





Advantage

- No conditioning steps
- Copolymer allows for extraction of acids, neutrals and bases
- High and reproducible recoveries
- Clean extractions
- Highly cross-linked styrene/divinylbenzene polymer
- Reduction in sorbent mass
- Faster flow rates
- pH stable (1 to 14)
- Reduction in solvent use
- High sorbent capacity
- Methods for NIDA/SAMHSA 5 Drugs

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Application	Qty
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	DBX - Benzenesulfonic Acid + C18	SSDBX031 SSDBX033 SSDBX056	Dual functionality for weak acids and hydrophobic compounds.	100 50 50
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	DVB - Polystyrene Divinylbenzene	SSDBX031 SSDBX033 SSDBX056	n.a. n.a. n.a.	100 50 50
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	BCX - Reverse Phase	SSBCX031 SSBCX033 SSBCX056	Scavenger for amines, alcohols and other nucleophiles.	100 50 50
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	C18 -Reverse Phase	SSC18031 SSC18033 SSC18056	Removes hydrophobic impurities, de-salting and purification of hydrophobic compounds.	100 50 50
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	CCX - Carboxylic Acid	SSCCX031 SSCCX033 SSCCX056	Scavenger for strong anions (Quaternary amines or metals)	100 50 50
30 mg/1 mL 30 mg/3 mL 50 mg/6 mL	QAX - Quaternary Amine	SSQAX031 SSQAX033 SSQAX056	"Removes large or more hydrophobic compounds."	100 50 50















UCT Enviro-Clean® - Universal cartridges



The Enviro-Clean® Universal Cartridge is the choice of modern contract labs. This inexpensive, easy to use cartridge provides consistent extractions with clean blanks. Built in flow control allows for consistent flow rates. Enviro-Clean® sorbents UCT polypropylene, and PTFE frits offer a clean blank with every batch. Designed for the environmental lab, the cartridge is made to handle large volumes of waste water. An optional bottle holder is available for continuous feed from Boston Round and wide mouth bottles.



SPE-DEX® is a registered trademark of Horizon Technology, Inc.

Product Name	P/N	Weight /Vol.	Description / Application	Qty
UNIVERSAL C18	ECUNIC18	1100 mg/83 mL	1100 mg of endcapped C18 for pesticides, PCBs and a large assortment of applications.	8
UNIVERSAL 525	ECUNI525	1500 mg/83 mL	1500 mg of our special C18 blend. This cartridge is specifically designed for EPA Method 525.	8
UNIVERSAL PAH / DRO	ECUNIPAH	2000 mg/83 mL	2000 mg of C18 specifically designed for PAH extraction.	8
UNIVERSAL OIL & GREASE	ECUNIOAG	4000 mg/83 mL	4000 mg of large particle C18 with an assortment of PE frit filters. No more liquid/liquid emulsions or clogged disks.	15

The cartridge will fit all standard manifolds and disk manifolds with adapter.



UCT dispersive SPE - "QuEChERS"

Quick, Easy, Cheap, Effective, Rugged and Safe Approach for determining pesticide residues in fruits, vegetables and other foods.

The QuEChERS method is gaining in popularity around the world as the method of choice for food testing. The QuEChERS method offers the advantages of high recoveries, accurate results, high sample throughput, low solvent and glassware usage (no chlorinated solvents), less labor and bench space and lower reagent costs. Organic acids and other potential contaminants are removed during the cleanup process.

UCT provides a variety of QuEChERS products containing primary secondary amine (PSA), C18, magnesium sulfate anhydrous and graphitized carbon black. These products are used in the method's clean-up step. Bulk, pre-cleaned magnesium sulfate anhydrous is available for the extraction part of the method.

PSA is used to remove various polar organic acids, polar pigments, some sugars and fatty acid co-extractables from QuEChERS extracts. Combined with C18, samples containing less than 1% lipids can be cleaned of most lipids and sterols. Graphitized carbon is used to remove sterols and pigments such as chlorophyll. The downside to carbon is its ability to retain planar molecules. Schenck and Vega (April 2001) reported that 3/1 acetone: toluene performed well at eluting many compounds from carbon.



P/N	Description	Oh.
P/N	Description	Qty
CUMPSCB2CT	2 mL micro-centrifuge tubes with 150 mg Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate,50 mg PSA & 50mg Carbon	100
CUMPS2CT	2 mL micro-centrifuge tubes with 150 mg Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, 50 mg PSA	100
CUMPSC18CT	2 mL micro-centrifuge tubes with 150 mg Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, 50 mg PSA & 50 mg endcapped C18	100
ECMPSCB15CT	$15~\mathrm{mL}$ centrifuge tubes with 900 mg Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, $300~\mathrm{mg}$ PSA $\&~50~\mathrm{mg}$ endcapped C18	50
ECMPSC1815CT	15 mL centrifuge tubes with 900 mg Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, 300 mg PSA $\&$ 150 mg endcapped C18	50
ECPSACB6	6 mL columns with 400 mg PSA on bottom, 200 mg Graphitized Carbon-Black on top, separated by a Teflon frit*	30
ECPSACB256	6 mL columns with 250 mg Graphitized Carbon on top, 500 mg PSA on the bottom, separated with a Teflon frit*	30
ECPSACB506	6 mL columns with 500 mg Graphitized Carbon on top, 500 mg PSA on the bottom, separated with a Teflon frit*	30
ECMSSA50CT	50 mL PP centrifuge tube with 6 g Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, 1.5 g Anhydrous Sodium Acetate	250
ECMSSC50CT	50 mL PP centrifuge tube with 4 g Anhydrous Magnesium Sulfate, 1 g NaCl	250

Example of procedure

- 1. Transfer 15 g of homogenized sample into a 50 ml FEP centrifuge tube.
- 2. Add 15 ml of 1% acetic acid in acetonitrile, 1.5 g sodium acetate anhydrous, 6 g of UCT magnesium sulfate anhydrous and an internal standard.
- 3. Shake vigorously for 1 minute.
- 4. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 3700 rpm.
- 5. Transfer an aliquot of the supernatant to the UCT product.
- 6. Shake for 1 minute.
- 7. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 3700 rpm.
- 8. Analyze.
- * Products available with Polyethylene or Teflon frits. Choice depends application and price requirements.















UCT Enviro-Clean® columns

Polypropylene and Inert Glass Extraction columns

Enviro-Clean® solid phase extraction columns are designed especially for the isolation and separation of environmental analytes such as pesticides, herbicides, polyaromatic hydrocarbons, polychlorinated biphenyls and other environmentally related compounds.

Enviro-Clean® offers a selection of high quality solid phase extraction columns geared to support the environmental chemist with a very broad range of analytical applications. The most important function of the solid phase extraction column for the environmental chemist is the clean separation of an analyte from a variety of compounds. An important function of the extraction column is that it will concentrate a low level of analyte from large samples for accurate analysis. When evaluating analyte extraction or separation, Enviro-Clean® offers nonpolar, polar, ion-exchange and copolymeric phases for application in the environmental laboratory.

Hydrophobic Extraction Columns

Non-polar phases are often referred to as hydrophobic and function by the interactions of the carbon-hydrogen bond of the analyte and the sorbent. C18 is the most widely used of these phases. EPA approved methods for analyzing organics in drinking water specify the C18 hydrophobic phase. This method requires that large sample volumes (liters) be analyzed which utilizes the compound concentration function of the hydrophobic sorbent.

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Qty
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	C2, Ethyl	EEC021L1 EEC02111 EEC02123 EEC02153 EEC02156 EEC021M6 EEC0211Z EEC0212Z EEC0215Z EEC0212M15	EUC021L1 EUC02111 EUC02123 EUC02153 EUC02156 EUC021M6 EUC0211Z EUC0212Z EUC0215Z EUC0215Z	C4, n-Butyl	EECN41L1 EECN4111 EECN4123 EECN4153 EECN4156 EECN41M6 EECN411Z EECN412Z EECN415Z EECN412M15	EUCN41L1 EUCN4111 EUCN4123 EUCN4153 EUCN4156 EUCN41M6 EUCN411Z EUCN412Z EUCN415Z EUCN415Z	C6, Hexyl	EEC061L1 EEC06111 EEC06123 EEC06153 EEC06156 EEC061M6 EEC0611Z EEC0612Z EEC0615Z EEC0612M15	EUC061L1 EUC06111 EUC06123 EUC06153 EUC06156 EUC061M6 EUC0611Z EUC0612Z EUC0615Z EUC0612M15	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 100 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 200 mg/15 mL	C3, Propyl	EECN31L1 EECN3111 EECN3123 EECN3153 EECN3156 EECN31M6 EECN311Z EECN312Z EECN315Z	EUCN31L1 EUCN3111 EUCN3123 EUCN3153 EUCN3156 EUCN31M6 EUCN311Z EUCN312Z EUCN312Z EUCN315Z	C5, Pentyl	EEC051L1 EEC0511 EEC05123 EEC05153 EEC05156 EEC051M6 EEC0511Z EEC0512Z EEC0515Z EEC0512M15	EUC051L1 EUC05111 EUC05123 EUC05153 EUC05156 EUC051M6 EUC0511Z EUC0512Z EUC0515Z	C7, Heptyl	EEC071L1 EEC07111 EEC07123 EEC07153 EEC07156 EEC071M6 EEC0711Z EEC0712Z EEC0715Z EEC0715Z	EUC071L1 EUC07111 EUC07123 EUC07153 EUC07156 EUC071M6 EUC0711Z EUC0712Z EUC0715Z EUC0715Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50

UCT Enviro-Clean® columns



UCT

Hydrophobic Extraction Columns

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Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped	Sorbent	Endcapped	Unendcapped		Qty
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	C8, Octyl	EEC081L1 EEC08111 EEC08123 EEC08153 EEC08156 EEC081M6 EEC0811Z EEC0812Z EEC0815Z EEC0815Z	EUC081L1 EUC08111 EUC08123 EUC08153 EUC08156 EUC081M6 EUC0811Z EUC0812Z EUC0815Z EUC0812M15	C12, nDodecyl	EEC121L1 EEC12111 EEC12123 EEC12153 EEC12156 EEC121M6 EEC1211Z EEC1212Z EEC1215Z EEC1215Z	EUC121L1 EUC12111 EUC12123 EUC12153 EUC12156 EUC121M6 EUC1211Z EUC1212Z EUC1212Z EUC1215Z EUC1212M15	Cyclohexyl	EECYH1L1 EECYH111 EECYH123 EECYH153 EECYH156 EECYH1M6 EECYH11Z EECYH12Z EECYH15Z	EUCYH1L1 EUCYH111 EUCYH123 EUCYH153 EUCYH156 EUCYH1M6 EUCYH11Z EUCYH12Z EUCYH15Z EUCYH15Z		100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	C10, nDecyl	EEC101L1 EEC10111 EEC10123 EEC10153 EEC10156 EEC101M6 EEC1011Z EEC1012Z EEC10115Z EEC1012M15	EUC101L1 EUC10111 EUC10123 EUC10153 EUC10156 EUC101M6 EUC1011Z EUC1012Z EUC1015Z EUC1012M15	C18, Octadecyl	EEC18111 EEC18123 EEC18153 EEC18156 EEC181M6 EEC1811Z EEC1812Z EEC1815Z EEC1812M15	EUC18111 EUC18123 EUC18153 EUC18156 EUC181M6 EUC1811Z EUC1812Z EUC1815Z EUC1815Z	Phenyl	EEPHY1L1 EEPHY111 EEPHY123 EEPHY153 EEPHY156 EEPHY1M6 EEPHY11Z EEPHY12Z EEPHY15Z	EUPHY1L1 EUPHY111 EUPHY123 EUPHY153 EUPHY156 EUPHY1M6 EUPHY11Z EUPHY12Z EUPHY15Z EUPHY15Z		100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50

Hydrophilic Extraction Columns

Polar or hydrophilic phases function by hydrogen bonding, pipi and dipole-dipole interaction. Ion exchange interactions occur between the sorbent and the analyte of opposite charge.

Enviro-Clean® sorbents are available in both cation or anion exchangers exhibiting both weak and strong characteristics.

Copolymeric phases offer a new approach to the environmental analyst by providing very clean extracts and high compound recovery. Dual functionalities, hydrophobic plus ion-exchange or polar allow a higher degree of selectivity than was previously possible. Analytes retained by multiple mechanisms can be washed by disrupting only one mechanism. Careful selection of the solvent strength results in a greater removal of chromatographic contamination.

Weight /Vol.	Qty	P/N
50 mg/1 mL	100	EUCARB1L1
100 mg/1 mL	100	EUCARB111
200 mg/3 mL	50	EUCARB123
500 mg/3 mL	50	EUCARB153
200 mg/6 mL	50	EUCARB126
500 mg/6 mL	50	EUCARB156
1000 mg/6 mL	30	EUCARB1M6
100 mg/10 mL	50	EUCARB11Z
200 mg/10 mL	50	EUCARB12Z
500 mg/10 mL	50	EUCARB15Z
1000 mg/15 mL	20	EUCARB1M15
2000 mg/15 mL	20	EUCARB12M15

Carbon-Graphitized

Application: Carbon supports have been used to isolate extremely polar organic compounds. They work by a hydrophobic mechanism with a high surface area and ion exchange. This interaction can happen in a wide range of polar and non-polar solvents.















UCT Enviro-Clean® columns

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Qty
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	Unbonded Silica	EUSIL1L1 EUSIL111 EUSIL123 EUSIL153 EUSIL156 EUSIL1M6 EUSIL11Z EUSIL12Z EUSIL15Z EUSIL12Z	Florisil [®]	EUFLS1L1 EUFLS111 EUFLS123 EUFLS153 EUFLS156 EUFLS1M6 EUFLS11Z EUFLS12Z EUFLS15Z EUFLS15Z	Alumina, Acidic	EUALA1L1 EUALA113 EUALA153 EUALA156 EUALA1M6 EUALA11Z EUALA11Z EUALA15Z EUALA15Z	Alumina, Basic	EUALB1L1 EUALB113 EUALB153 EUALB156 EUALB1M6 EUALB11Z EUALB12Z EUALB15Z EUALB15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	Alumina, neutral	EUALN1L1 EUALN111 EUALN123 EUALN153 EUALN156 EUALN1M6 EUALN11Z EUALN12Z EUALN12Z EUALN15Z	CN, Cyanopropyl Endcapped	EECNP1L1 EECNP123 EECNP153 EECNP156 EECNP1M6 EECNP11Z EECNP1Z EECNP12Z EECNP15Z EECNP12Z	CN, Cyanopropyl Unendcapped	EUCNP1L1 EUCNP111 EUCNP123 EUCNP153 EUCNP156 EUCNP1M6 EUCNP11Z EUCNP12Z EUCNP15Z EUCNP15Z	Diol	EUDOL1L1 EUDOL111 EUDOL123 EUDOL153 EUDOL156 EUDOL1M6 EUDOL11Z EUDOL12Z EUDOL12Z EUDOL15Z EUDOL15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 50

Ion exchange and mixed mode Extraction Columns

Weight /Vol.	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Sorbent	P/N	Qty
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	Diethylamino	EUDAX1L1 EUDAX111 EUDAX123 EUDAX153 EUDAX156 EUDAX1M6 EUDAX11Z EUDAX12Z EUDAX12Z EUDAX15Z	Aminopropyl	EUNAX1L1 EUNAX111 EUNAX123 EUNAX153 EUNAX156 EUNAX1M6 EUNAX11Z EUNAX12Z EUNAX15Z	Quaternary Amine with Chloride Counter Ion	EUQAX1L1 EUQAX111 EUQAX123 EUQAX153 EUQAX156 EUQAX1M6 EUQAX11Z EUQAX12Z EUQAX15Z EUQAX15Z	Carboxylic Acid	EUCCX1L1 EUCCX111 EUCCX123 EUCCX153 EUCCX156 EUCCX1M6 EUCCX11Z EUCCX12Z EUCCX15Z EUCCX15Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50 50 20
50 mg/1 mL 100 mg/1 mL 200 mg/3 mL 500 mg/3 mL 500 mg/6 mL 1000 mg/6 mL 100 mg/10 mL 200 mg/10 mL 500 mg/10 mL 2000 mg/15 mL	Benzene- -sulfonic Acid	EUBCX1L1 EUBCX111 EUBCX123 EUBCX153 EUBCX156 EUBCX1M6 EUBCX11Z EUBCX12Z EUBCX12Z EUBCX15Z	Hydrophobic plus Carboxylic Acid	EUCCX2L1 EUCCX211 EUCCX223 EUCCX253 EUCCX256 EUCCX2M6 EUCCX21Z EUCCX21Z EUCCX22Z EUCCX25Z	Hydrophobic plus Benzene- -sulfonic Acid	EUBCX2L1 EUBCX221 EUBCX223 EUBCX253 EUBCX256 EUBCX21Z EUBCX21Z EUBCX22Z EUBCX25Z EUBCX25Z	Hydrophobic plus Quaternary Amine	EUQAX2L1 EUQAX211 EUQAX223 EUQAX253 EUQAX256 EUQAX2M6 EUQAX21Z EUQAX21Z EUQAX22Z EUQAX25Z	100 100 50 50 50 30 50 50