

MOUSE ADIPONECTIN ENZYME IMMUNOASSAY KIT

catalogue # A05187

96 wells

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For research laboratory use only. Not for diagnostic use.



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MOUSE ADIPONECTIN EIA KIT

96 wells Storage: 2-8°C Expiry date: stated on the package

This kit contains:

- A covered 96 wells plate pre-coated with mouse anti-Adiponectin antibody, ready to use
- One vial of anti-Adiponectin tracer, ready to use
- Two vials of mouse Adiponectin standard, lyophilised
- TMB) solution, ready to use
- The vial of Stop solution (0.2 M H₂SO₄), ready to use
- Two vials of concentrated EIA Buffer (10x), liquid
- Two vials of Quality Controls: low and high, lyophilised
- To one vial of concentrated Wash buffer (5x), liquid
- One instruction booklet
- One template sheet
- The well cover sheet

Each kit contains sufficient reagents for 96 wells. This allows for the construction of one standard curve in duplicate and the assay of 41 samples in duplicate.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Users are recommended to read all instructions for use before starting work.

Each time a new pipet tip is used, aspirate a sample of reagent and dispense into the same vessel. Repeat this operation two or three times before distribution.

For research laboratory use only. Not for diagnostic use. Do not pipet liquids by mouth. Do not use kit components beyond the expiration date. Do not mix different lot numbers. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in area in which kit reagents are handled. Avoid splashing.

This kit contains components of animal origin.

Stop solution and Substrate solution are potential harmful solution. To avoid any contact, wear eye, hand, face and clothing protection when handling these reagents.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

Adiponectin, also referred to as Acrp30, AdipoQ and GBP-28, is an 244 aminoacid protein, which is physiologically active, specifically and highly expressed in adipose cells (adipokine). Adiponectin forms homotrimers, which are the building blocks for higher order complexes found circulating in serum.

Paradoxically, adipose tissue-expressed adiponectin levels are inversely related to the degree of adiposity. A reduction in adiponectin serum levels is accompanied by insulin resistance states, such as obesity and type II diabetes mellitus. Adiponectin has been shown to increase insulin sensitivity and decrease plasma glucose by increasing tissue fat oxidation. It inhibits the inflammatory processes of atherosclerosis suppressing the expression of adhesion and cytokine molecules in vascular endothelial cells and macrophages, respectively.

This Enzyme Immunometric Assay (EIA) is based on a double-antibody sandwich technique. The wells of the plate supplied with the kit are coated with a monoclonal antibody specific of mouse adiponectin. This antibody will bind any adiponectin introduced in the wells (sample or standard). An horseradish peroxydase (HRP)



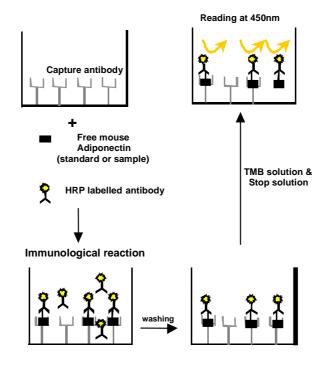
conjugated polyclonal antibody which binds selectively to different epitopes on the adiponectin molecule, is also added to the wells.

This allows the two antibodies to form a sandwich by binding on different parts of the mouse adiponectin molecule.

The sandwich is immobilised on the plate so the excess reagents may be washed away. The concentration of the mouse adiponectin is then determined by measuring the enzymatic activity of the HRP using the hydrogen peroxide/TMB solution. The reaction is stopped by addition of sulfuric acid solution. The HRP tracer acts on TMB Reagent to form a yellow compound.

The intensity of the colour, which is determined by spectrophotometry, is proportional to the amount of the mouse adiponectin present in the well during the immunological incubation.

The principle of the assay is summarised below:



MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

In addition to standard laboratory equipment, the following material is required:

FOR THE ASSAY

- ☞ Precision micropipettes (10 to 1000 µL)
- Spectrophotometer plate reader (450 nm +/- 10 nm filter)
- Microtitration washer (or washbottles)
- Microplate shaker
- ${\mathscr P}$ Multichannel pipette 50-200 μL and disposable tips
- Distilled or deionised water
- Polypropylene tubes



SAMPLE PREPARATION

This assay may be used to measure mouse Adiponectin in mouse samples such as serum.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

- All samples must be free of organic solvents prior to assay.
- Samples should be assayed immediately after collection or should be stored frozen.

Serum

Dilute samples 1/10 000 in EIA buffer preferably in two steps: add 10 μ L sample to 990 μ L EIA buffer (dilution 100x). Mix well. Add 10 μ L of this dilution 100x to 990 μ L EIA buffer for the final dilution. Mix well. Serum samples should be stored frozen. It has been proved that the Adiponectin concentration in serum samples does not decrease after five thawing-freezing cycles. Nevertheless, repeated thawing-freezing should be avoided.

Note: It is recommended to use a precision pipette and a careful technique to perform the dilution in order to get precise results!

REAGENT PREPARATION

All reagents need to be brought to room temperature prior to the assay. Assay reagents are supplied ready to use, except the Standards, EIA buffer and the concentrated Wash buffer.

EIA buffer

Dilute only the required amount of concentrated EIA buffer. Otherwise dilute 22 mL of concentrated EIA buffer to 220 mL with distilled or deionised water. Stability at 4°C: 1 week.

Mouse Adiponectin standard

Reconstitute the vial with 1 mL of EIA buffer. Allow it to stand 5 minutes until completely dissolved and then mix thoroughly by gentle inversion. The concentration of the first standard is 8 ng/mL. Prepare 5 polypropylene tubes (for five other standards) and add 500 μ L of EIA buffer into each tube. Add 500 μ L of the first tube (containing the first standard) to the second tube. Continue this procedure to the other tubes. Thus, the standard concentrations are: 8 (S1), 4 (S2), 2 (S3), 1 (S4), 0.5 (S5), 0.25 ng/mL (S6), respectively.

Do not store the diluted standards.

Quality Controls

Reconstitute the vials with 1 mL of EIA buffer. Allow them to stand 5 minutes until completely dissolved and then mix thoroughly by gentle inversion.

Do not store the reconstituted Quality Controls.

Wash buffer

Dilute one vial of concentrated Wash buffer (100 mL, 5x) to 500 mL with distilled or deionised water. Stability at 4°C: 1 month

Hydrogen peroxide/TMB solution

Substrate solution should remain colourless until added to the plate. Keep substrate solution protected from the light.



ASSAY PROCEDURE

It is recommended to perform the assays in duplicate and to follow the instructions hereafter.

DISTRIBUTION OF REAGENTS AND SAMPLES

A plate set-up is suggested on this page. The content of each well may be recorded on the sheet provided with the kit.

PIPETTING THE REAGENTS

All samples and reagents must reach room temperature prior performing the assay. Use different tips to pipet the buffer, standard, sample, tracer antiserum and other reagents.

♦ Mouse Adiponectin standard:

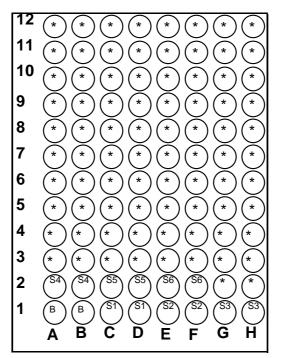
Dispense 100 μ L of the six standards (S1 to S6) in duplicate to appropriate wells. Start with the lowest concentration and equilibrate the tip in the next higher standard before pipetting.

♦ Quality Control and samples:

Dispense in duplicate 100 µL of reconstituted Quality Control and samples to appropriate wells. Highly concentrated samples may be diluted in EIA buffer.

Section 4 Se

Dispense in duplicate 100 μ L of EIA buffer in Blank (B) wells.



B: Blank S1-S6: Standards 1-6 *: Samples or Quality Controls

INCUBATING THE PLATE

- ✤ Incubate the plate for 1 hour, shaking at 300 rpm on an orbital microplate shaker.
- \circledast Rinse the wells 3 times with the Wash buffer (350 μL per well).
- Anti-adiponectin antibody HRP tracer: Dispense 100 μL to each well, Mix gently.
- ✤ Incubate the plate for 1 hour, shaking at 300 rpm on an orbital microplate shaker.



DEVELOPING AND READING THE PLATE

- ♥ Dispense 100 µL of Substrate solution to the 96 wells. Incubate in the dark during 10 minutes at room temperature (20-30°C). Avoid exposure to direct sunlight. It is recommended to cover the plate with aluminium foil.
- Stop the colour development by adding 100 µL of Stop solution.
- ✤ Read the absorbance at 450 nm within 5 minutes following stop solution addition.

Note: If the microplate reader is not capable of reading absorbance greater than the absorbance of the lowest standard (the highest absorbance of the calibration curve), perform a second reading at 405 nm. A new standard curve, constructed using the values measured at 405 nm, is used to determine Adiponectin concentration of off-scale samples. The readings at 405 nm should not replace the on-scale readings at 450 nm.

Enzyme Immunoassay Protocol (Volumes are in µL)	Standard		- 100		Incubate the plate at room temperature for 1 hour	Wash the plate 3 times	100 100	Incubate the plate at room temperature for 1 hour	Wash the plate 3 times	100 100	Incubate the plate in the dark at room temperature during 10-15 minutes	100 100	Read the plate at 450 nm
Enzyme Immunoa	Blank			100	Incubat			Incubat		100	Incubate the plate	100	
		Standard	Sample	EIA buffer			Tracer			TMB solution		Stop solution	

DATA ANALYSIS

Make sure that your plate reader has substracted the absorbance readings of the blank well (absorbance of TMB solution) from the absorbance readings of the rest of the plate. If not, do it now.

- Using a logit-log graph paper, plot the absorbance for each standard (y axis) versus concentration (x axis) of standards. Draw a best-fit line through the points.
- ✤ To determine the concentration of your samples, find the absorbance value on the y axis. Read the corresponding value on the x axis which is the concentration of your unknown sample.
- Solution with the solution of the solution of



TYPICAL DATA

EXAMPLE DATA

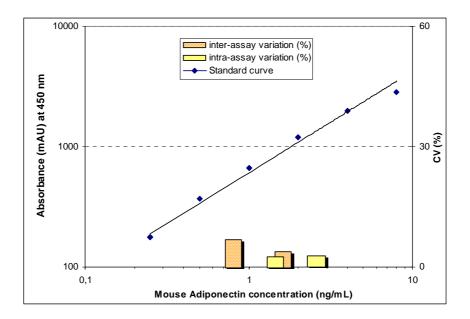
The following data are for demonstration purposes only. Your data may be different but still be correct. These data were obtained using all reagents as supplied in this kit according to the protocol. A 4-parameter curve fitting was used to determine the concentrations.

Mouse Adiponectin	mAU
Standard 8 ng/mL	2 849
Standard 4 ng/mL	1 971
Standard 2 ng/mL	1 189
Standard 1 ng/mL	660
Standard 0.5 ng/mL	369
Standard 0.25 ng/mL	177
QC High	1 873
QC Low	709

ACCEPTABLE RANGE

QC samples: see label on the vials.

MOUSE ADIPONECTIN STANDARD CURVE





ASSAY VALIDATION AND CHARACTERISTICS

The Enzyme Immunometric assay of mouse Adiponectin has been validated for its use in serum.

 Cross-reactivity: Mouse leptin
Mouse leptin receptor
Mouse resistin
Rat adiponectin

Rat adiponectin	<0.3 %
Rabbit adiponectin	<0.1 %
Human adiponectin	<0.1 %
Cow adiponectin	<0.1 %
Horse adiponectin	<0.1 %
Hamster adiponectin	<0.1 %
Pig adiponectin:	<0.1 %

Sensitivity:

The limit of detection calculated as the concentration of mouse Adiponectin corresponding to the blank average minus three standard deviation is: 0.1 ng/mL.

- Precision:
- Intra-assay (n=8)

Sample	Mean (ng/mL)	SD (ng/mL)	CV (%)
1	2.708	0.063	2.31
2	1.487	0.040	2.66
3	1.123	0.022	1.96
4	0.871	0.031	3.53

<0.1 %

<0.1 % <0.1 %

Inter-assay (n=5)

Sample	Mean (ng/mL)	SD (ng/mL)	CV (%)
1	2.571	0.121	4.71
2	1.462	0.056	3.82
3	1.297	0.093	7.14
4	0.785	0.044	5.65

Recovery test:

Sample	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery O/E (%)
	0.90	-	-
1	1.34	1.40	98.5
1	1.82	1.90	97.2
	2.65	2.90	97.8
	2.00	-	-
2	2.52	2.50	101.0
2	3.09	3.00	103.2
	3.94	4.00	98.6

Dilution test:

Sample	Dilution	Observed (ng/mL)	Expected (ng/mL)	Recovery O/E (%)
1	-	2.61	-	-
	1:2	1.15	1.24	92.6
	1:4	0.51	0.62	82.4
	1:8	0.26	0.31	83.4
2	-	5.26	-	-
	1:2	2.55	2.63	96.8
	1:4	1.22	1.32	92.9
	1:8	0.53	0.66	80.7



Effect of freezing/thawing cycles:

No significant decline was observed in concentration of mouse Adiponectin in serum samples after repeated (5x) freezing/thawing cycle. Adiponectin concentration varies within the limit of 10%.

Number of serum samples	Number of freezing/thawing cycles	Mean %
N=13	0	100.0
	1	97.5
	3	99.5
	5	100.6

However, we recommend to avoid using a sample more than once frozen and thawed.

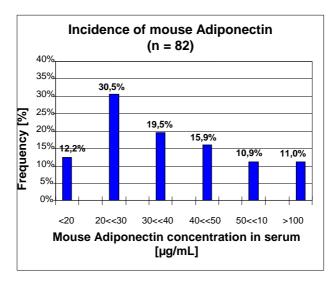
Stability of undiluted samples at 4°C:

No significant decline was observed in concentration of mouse adiponectin in serum samples after 14 days storage at 4°C. Adiponectin concentration varies usually within the limit of 5%, rarely up to 15%. Nevertheless we recommend to store samples at -80° C.

There is no difference between alternative of serum with and without preservatives.

Normal values:

The following values were obtained when 82 sera from healthy BALB/c mice were assayed:



ASSAY TROUBLE SHOOTING

Absorbance values too low:

- One reagent has not been dispensed
- Incorrect preparation or reagent storage
- Assay performed before reagents reach room temperature
- High signal and background in all wells:
 - Inefficient washing
 - Overdeveloping; incubation time should be reduced before adding Stop Solution
- High dispersion of duplicates:
 - Poor pipetting technique or irregular plate washing.

These are a few examples of problems that may occur. If you need further assistance, SPI-BIO will be happy to answer any questions or information about this assay. Please feel free to contact our technical support staff by letter, phone (33 (0)1 39 30 62 60), fax (33 (0)1 39 30 62 99) or E-mail (sales@spibio.com), and be sure to indicate the lot number of the kit (see outside of the box).

SPI-BIO offers a training workshop in EIA practice & theory. This workshop is given twice a year. For further information, please contact our Customer Relation Representative (33 (0)1 39 30 62 60).



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