



# TREVIGEN® Product Data

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures

## Anti-Poly (ADP-ribose) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

**Catalog #:** 4335-MC-100-AC

<b>Contents:</b> 4335-MC-100	Anti-PAR monoclonal	Size: 100 µl
4500-10-P	PARP treated protein control	10 µl

**Description:** Trevigen's monoclonal antibody (cat# 4335-MC-100) is specific for poly(ADP-ribose) (PAR) polymer. It can be used to detect ribosylated proteins by ELISA, Western blot, immunocytochemistry *in situ*, and for immunopurification. It is supplied with a positive control for ELISA and Western blot consisting of a poly-ADP-ribosylated PARP-1 protein (PARP-PAR).

**Storage Conditions:** Store the anti-PAR monoclonal at -20°C (manual defrost freezer). Store the PARP-treated protein control at -80°C.

**Physical State:** This antibody is provided as purified immunoglobulin from mouse ascites in 1X PBS containing 50% glycerol at 1 mg/ml. PARP-PAR is provided at 75 µM in 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 1 mM EDTA.

**Immunogen:** Purified ADP-ribose polymers between 2 and 50 units long

**Ig Class:** IgG<sub>3</sub>

**Specificity:** The antibody is specific for PAR polymers 2 to 50 units long, but does not recognize structurally related RNA, DNA, ADP-ribose monomers, NAD, or other nucleic acid monomers.

**Applications:** ELISA, Western analysis, immunoprecipitation, and immunopurification. For Western blots, an antibody dilution of 1:1000 is recommended.

### References:

1. Kupper, J.H., G. de Murcia, and A. Burkle. 1990. Inhibition of poly(ADP-ribosylation) by overexpressing the poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase DNA binding domain in mammalian cells. *J Biol Chem* **265**: 18721-18724.
2. Malik, N., M. Miwa, T. Sugimura, P. Thraves, and M. Smulson. 1983. Immunoaffinity fractionation of the poly(ADP-ribosyl)ated domains of chromatin. *PNAS USA* **80**:2554-2558.
3. Smulson, M.E. et al.. 1983. In ADP-Ribosylation, DNA Repair and Cancer (Miwa, M., O. Hayaishi, S. Shall, M. Smulson, and T. Sugimura, eds.), pp. 49-70. Tokyo: Japan Scientific Societies Press.
4. Kawamitsu, H., H. Hoshino, H. Okada, M. Miwa, H. Momoi, and T. Sugimura. 1984. Monoclonal antibodies to poly(adenosine diphosphate ribose) recognize different structures. *Biochem* **23**:3771- 3777.
5. Affar, E.B., et al. 1998. Immunodot blot method for the detection of poly(ADP-ribose) synthesized *in vitro* and *in vivo*. *Anal Biochem* **259**:280-283.

## TREVIGEN®

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**Procedure for Immunoblotting using Peroxidase Detection:**

Blotting buffer: 12 mM Tris base, 96 mM Glycine, and 15% MeOH.

Blocking solution: 5% (w/v) nonfat dry milk in TBS-0.1% Tween.

Antibody solution: 5% (w/v) nonfat dry milk, in TBS-0.1% Tween.

Transfer the electrophoresed proteins to an Immobilon-FL or PVDF membrane and incubate the membrane for 1 hour at room temperature in blocking solution.

Incubate the membrane overnight at 4°C in antibody solution containing a 1:1000 dilution of Trevigen's anti-PARP monoclonal antibody. Empirical determination of the optimal monoclonal antibody concentration will be required for optimal results.

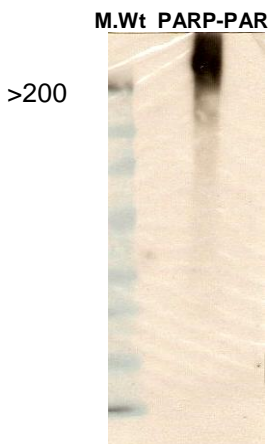
Wash the membrane at room temperature for 5 minutes with 4 changes of TBS-0.1% Tween. Changing the membrane containers often reduces background.

Incubate the membrane at room temperature for 1 hour in antibody solution containing anti-mouse conjugated to horseradish peroxidase, or IR800-conjugated secondary antibody (Licor).

Empirical determination of secondary antibody concentration will be required for optimal results.

Wash the membrane for 15 minutes with 4 changes of TBS-0.1% Tween.

Develop peroxidase reaction using chemiluminescence, or as described in the figure 2 legend.



**Figure 1. Western blot analysis of parylated PARP (cat# 4500-10-P).** 15 µl of a 1:10 dilution of PARP-PAR in sample buffer were separated on a 4-20% Tris-Glycine SDS-PAGE gel and blotted on to PVDF membrane.

Ribosylated proteins were detected with 1:1000 dilution of anti-PARP followed by a 1:5000 dilution of HRP conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG and visualized using chemiluminescence.

